

August 16, 2022 Stallings Town Hall 321 Stallings Road Stallings, NC 28104 704-821-8557 www.stallingsnc.org

Planning Board Meeting Agenda

	Time	Item	Presenter	Action Requested/Next Step
	7:00 pm	Invocation Call Meeting to Order	Chair	N/A
1.		Approval of Agenda	Chair	Approve Agenda Motion: I make the motion to: 1) Approve the Agenda as presented; or 2) Approve the Agenda with the following changes:
2.		Approval of Minutes A. June 21, 2022 B. July 19, 2022	Chair	Approve Minutes Motion: I make the motion to: 1) Approve the Minutes as presented; or Approve the Minutes with the following changes:
3.		 TX22.07.03 A. SMB of Greenville II, LLC submitted a text amendment application to amend the Stallings Development Ordinance to add a "Business Center" zoning district. B. Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness 	Max Hsiang	Approval/Denial of RZ22.07.01 Motion: I make the motion to recommend: 1) Approval of the request as presented. 2) Defer the request to 3) Denial of the request as submitted.
6.		Adjournment	Chair	1) Motion : I make the motion to adjourn.

MINUTES OF PLANNING BOARD MEETING

OF THE

TOWN OF STALLINGS, NORTH CAROLINA

The Planning Board of the Town of Stallings met for their regularly scheduled meeting on June 21, 2022, at 7:00 pm. The meeting was held at the Stallings Government Center, 321 Stallings Road, Stallings, NC 28106.

Planning Board members present: Vice Chairman Bob Koehler, David Barnes, Jacqueline Wilson, and Laurie Wojtowicz.

Planning Board members absent: Ryan Awaldt

Staff members present: Max Hsiang, Planning Director; Mary McCall, Deputy Town Clerk and Mac McCarley, Town Planning Attorney.

Vice Chairman Koehler recognized a quorum.

Invocation and Call to Order

Vice Chairman Koehler led the Pledge of Allegiance and called the meeting to order at 7:08 pm

1. Election of Chair

Board Member Wojtowicz made the motion to elect Vice Chairman Koehler as Chairman of the Planning Board. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

A vote for Vice Chair subsequently followed to replace newly elected Chairman Koehler.

Board Member Wilson made a motion to elect Board Member Wojtowicz as Vice Chairwoman of the Planning Board. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Barnes.

2. Approval of Agenda

Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made the motion to approve the Agenda, with corrections to the meeting address to <u>321</u> Stallings Road and the year of the minutes for approval to 2022. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

3. Approval of Minutes – May 17, 2022

Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made a motion to approve the minutes for the meeting of May 17, 2022. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

4. <u>TX22.05.01 – Add Floor Covering, Drapery, and/or Upholstery; Add Market Showroom as S</u> (10.1-36) to the VSR Zoning District with Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness

Planning Director Hsiang presented the proposed text amendment TX22.05.01. The text amendment is to allow for the additional uses of Floor Covering and/or Upholstery Sales and Market Showroom with supplemental regulations to the VSR Zoning District. Planning Director Hsiang advised the additional usage would be consistent with the Town's Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The applicants Edgar Gary and Teresa Moya-Mendez were present and answered questions from the Board.

Board Member Wilson made the motion to approve the recommendation of TX22.05.01. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Barnes.

Board Member Wilson made the motion to approve the recommendation of TX22.05.01 as consistent and reasonable with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz.

5. <u>TX22.06.01 – An Ordinance to Amend §§4.2- 1 Through 4.2-5 To Clarify and Update the Duties</u> and Responsibilities of The Stallings Planning Board to Harmonize the Development Ordinance with §32.10 of the Town Code of Ordinances

Planning Director Hsiang presented the proposed text amendment TX22.06.01 to add "no term limits" and an Officer election clause along with other clarifying changes for Stallings Planning Board.

Board Member Wilson made the motion to approve TX22.06.01 with a statement of consistency and reasonableness in conjunction with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Barnes.

6. Adjournment

Board Member Wilson made the motion for adjournment. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Barnes.

The meeting adjourned at 7:20 pm.

Robert Koehler, Chairman

Mary McCall, Deputy Town Clerk

MINUTES OF PLANNING BOARD MEETING

OF THE

TOWN OF STALLINGS, NORTH CAROLINA

The Planning Board of the Town of Stallings met for their regularly scheduled meeting on July 19, 2022, at 6:57 pm. The meeting was held at the Stallings Government Center, 321 Stallings Road, Stallings, NC 28106.

Planning Board members present: Chairman Robert Koehler, Ryan Awaldt, David Barnes, Jacqueline Wilson, and Vice Chairwoman Laurie Wojtowicz. No Planning Board members were absent:

Staff members present: Max Hsiang, Planning Director; Patrick Blaszyk- Planning Technician; and Mary McCall, Deputy Town Clerk.

Chairman Koehler recognized a quorum.

Invocation and Call to Order

Chairman Koehler led the Pledge of Allegiance and called the meeting to order at 6:57 pm

1. Approval of Agenda

Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made the motion to approve the agenda. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

2. <u>RZ22.07.01</u>

<u>A. General rezoning where the 2125 Stallings Rd, PID 07099002 will transition from MU-2 to</u> <u>SFR-1</u>

B. Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness

Planning Director Hsiang presented the proposed RZ22.07.01 general rezoning for 2125 Stallings Rd from Mixed Use 2 to Single Family Residential 1. Property was rezoned as MU2 from R20 Residential when the Town adopted their Land Use Plan in 2018, which was to encourage more development opportunities in the downtown area. Currently the property has one single family home. Concerns from the homeowner are the dramatic increase in taxes and Union County's sewer capacity issues that are hindering the sale of the property. Planning Director Hsiang noted that this rezoning would be inconsistent with the Town's Land Use Plan. Attorney for the homeowners, Harry Crow, and Chuck Drye, one of the homeowners who resides on the property, was present. Attorney Crow explained to the board the increase in the fair market value of the property since the rezoning to MU2 went from \$257,900 to \$2,491,900 resulting in an increase in property tax from \$2626.81 to \$20,509.48. Attorney Crow stated the lack of sewer capacity significantly limits the ability to develop the property causing the property to be overvalued.

After Board discussion, Chairman Koehler closed the public hearing.

Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made the motion to approve the recommendation of RZ22.07.01 with a statement that RZ22.07.01 is inconsistent but reasonable in conjunction with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

3. <u>TX22.07.01</u>

A. Conditional Zoning Amendments to occur for Articles 5.4-3, 5.4-4, 8.2, and 8.3

B. Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness

Planning Director Hsiang presented the proposed text amendment TX22.07.01 advising that the changes presented should prevent redundancy by eliminating the first-class mailing notification for a Conditional Zoning being presented at a Planning Board meeting. Other changes from the word "hearing" to "meeting" to correctly identify the forums within the text. Planning Director Hsiang explained that these changes still be consistent with the state's General Statutes and mailers would still be sent out for presentations to the Town Council. The changes will also prevent an undue delay from items going from the Planning Board to the Town Council.

Following Board discussion, Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made the motion to approve the recommendation of TX22.07.01 with a recommendation for Council to continue mail notices. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz made the motion to approve the recommendation of TX22.07.01 with a statement of consistency and reasonableness in conjunction with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Awaldt.

4. <u>TX22.07.02</u>

<u>A. Development Agreement Amendments to Articles 7.15- 1(B), 8.4-6(B), and 8.5-1(B) to make</u> the process better suited for the Town of Stallings and the developer

B. Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness

Planning Director Hsiang presented the proposed text amendment TX22.07.02. The proposed changes to the text will eliminate the requirement for development agreements for properties twenty-five acres or more and make them voluntary.

After Board discussion, Board Member Awaldt made the motion to approve the recommendation of TX22.07.02 with a statement of consistency and reasonableness in conjunction with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Board Member Wilson.

5. Adjournment

Board Member Wilson made the motion for adjournment. The motion was approved unanimously after a second from Vice Chairwoman Wojtowicz.

The meeting adjourned at 7:44 pm.

Chairman Robert Koehler

Mary McCall, Deputy Town Clerk



To:Planning BoardFrom:Max Hsiang, Planning DirectorDate:8/16/2022Re:TX22.07.03 - Business Center Zoning District

Request:

SMB of Greenville II, LLC submitted a text amendment application to amend the Stallings Development Ordinance to add a "Business Center" zoning district. They intend to enhance the Ordinance for an option to accommodate a variety of essential businesses and light industrial uses without opening up the door to heavier-intensity uses that might negatively impact surrounding properties.

Text Amendment Application Attachment:

Applicant, SMB of Greenville II, LLC's response:

1) In order to maintain sound, stable and desirable development within the planning jurisdiction of the Town of Stallings, it is intended that this Ordinance be amended to:

(a.) To correct manifest error in the Ordinance;

(b.) Because of changed or changing conditions in a particular neighborhood or community as a whole; and/or

(c.) To promote and forward the purposes of the adopted Stallings Land Use Plan.

2) It is the further intent of this Ordinance that if amended it will promote the general health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Stallings.

Submitted Business Center Definition:

The Business Center (BC) provides a location for employment centered uses. The predominant uses in this district are office, light industrial, and employment supportive uses. Light industrial uses in this district include industrial activities that generally do not have offensive characteristics such as pollution, noise, and dust and can be conducted primarily inside closed buildings. Hospitality uses (e.g. hotels, restaurants, etc.) as well as necessary supporting uses (e.g. banks) may also be allowed. Development standards are designed to protect nearby residential through buffering and screening requirements. For master-planned developments, the external appearance of buildings and signage, along with modes of ingress and egress, are planned to provide consistency throughout the development. Allowed building/lot type is Highway Commercial.

Zoning Districts Comparison:

Dimensional	Proposed	Old UDO	Current Mixed	Present
Requirements	Business District (BC)	Business District (BC)	Use -2 (MU-2)	Industrial (IND)
Minimum lot area	10,000 SF	None	Only for Single Family Detached - 6000 SF	32,400 SF
Minimum lot width	100'	100'	Only for Single Family Detached - 40'	180'
Front Setback	40'	40'	Only for Single Family Detached - 16'	80'
Side Setback	15'	15'	Only for Single Family Detached - 5'	16'
Rear Setback	40'	40'	Only for Single Family Detached - 12'	16'
Maximum Building Height	50'	up to 5 stories	Only for Single Family Detached – Depends on Building Type	50'

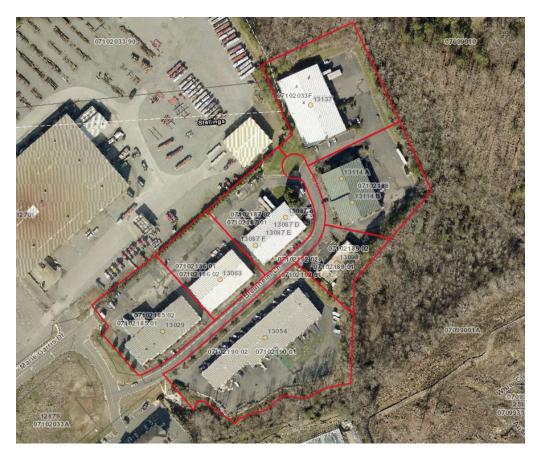
Articles to be amended in the Ordinance (Changes attached):

- Article 3: DEFINITIONS, ABBREVIATIONS & SYMBOLS
 - \circ Abbreviations
- Article 8: Zoning Districts
 - o Table of Uses
 - 8.2 Districts created
 - o 8.3 Description of Districts
 - o 8.4 District Development Standards and Permitted Uses Listed for Each District
- Article 9: Building and Lot Type Standards
 - o 9.8-3 Highway Building Type Standards
- Article 10: Uses with Additional Standards and Conditional Uses
 - o 10.1-4 Automobile/Boat/Equipment Repair Service.
 - o 10.1-6 Bank, Savings and Loan, Credit Union.
 - 10.1-9 Car Wash.
 - o 10.1-11 Religious Institutions (Church, Synagogue, Mosque, or Place of Worship).
 - 10.1-12 Club or Lodge.
 - o 10.1-14 Day Care Center for Children or Adults (six or more (6+)).
 - o 10.1-15 Day Care Center, Home Occupation for less than six (6) persons.
 - 10.1-17 Drive-through Window as Accessory Use.
 - 10.1-21 Home Occupation.
 - 10.1-22 Junked Motor Vehicle Storage as Accessory Use.
 - o 10.1-31 Veterinary Service with Outdoor Kennels.

- o 10.1-37 Hospital Campuses.
- 10.2-13 Shooting Range, Indoor.
- o 10.2-14 Telecommunications Towers (per NC Session Law 2013-185).
- Article 11: Landscape Requirements and Tree Protection
- Table 11.1- BUFFER YARD CHART
- Article 17: Sign Regulations
 - 17.8-1 Requirements for temporary signs that require a permit.
- Article 21: Open Space
 - TABLE 21.1 Open Space Requirements

History:

The applicant represents a property off of Bleinheim Rd, which contains a variety of office and light industrial uses, including the following uses: Construction, Softball, Rifle and Pistol Club, Crossfit/gym, Medical Supplies, Furnishings, etc.





The 2012 UDO contained a Business Center district. The applicant believes that re-including the Business Center Zoning District will serve as a medium for some commercial, office, and light industrial uses.

(2012) 3.6.1 Intent

The business districts regulate general district business areas and include the following districts: Town Center, Town Center Overlay, General Retail, and Office Light Retail.

(2012) 3.6.7 Business Center (BC)

(A) A planned employment center that contains a variety of office, light industrial, and supporting uses. The external appearance of buildings and signage, along with modes of ingress and egress, are planned to provide consistency throughout the development. Hospitality uses (e.g. hotels, restaurants, etc.) as well as necessary supporting uses (e.g. banks) may also be allowed. Business Centers on the US 74 corridor can have structures up to five (5) stories.

Future Land Use:

Currently, no future land use categories fit both commercial and industrial uses. The closest future land use that may be identified for Business Center is Suburban Office Center.

Suburban Office Center

Suburban office centers provide opportunities to concentrate employment. They include both large-scale isolated buildings with numerous employees as well as areas containing multiple offices uses that support and serve one another. They are typically buffered from surrounding development by transitional uses or landscaped areas and are often located in close proximity to major highways or thoroughfares.

Primary Land Uses

- · Multi-Tenant Professional Office
- \cdot Corporate Office
- \cdot Medical Office
- \cdot Call Center
- · Research and Development

Secondary Land Uses

- \cdot Bank
- \cdot Copy and Printing Services
- \cdot Restaurants
- · Government Services
- \cdot Flex Space
- \cdot Natural Areas
- · Stormwater Retention

Staff Recommendations:

The proposed Business Center allows many of the same uses as MU-2 and C-74 but adds additional light industrial-type uses. Adding this zoning category would enhance the Ordinance and provide opportunities for a mix of commercial and industrial. The zoning category does not match any future land use category, making consistency decisions difficult for future zoning decisions if passed.



TEXT AMENDMENT APPLICATION

Date Filed:	Fee Paid:
	Fee: \$500
	Applicant Information
Applicant Name:	
Address:	
Phone:	Email:
Proposed Text Amendment – Include	e Article and Section Numbers

Please include a statement addressing the following:

- 1) In order to maintain sound, stable and desirable development within the planning jurisdiction of the Town of Stallings, it is intended that this ordinance be amended to:
 - (a.) To correct manifest error in the ordinance;
 - (b.) Because of changed or changing conditions in a particular neighborhood or community as a whole; and/or
 - (c.) To promote and forward the purposes of the adopted Stallings Land Use Plan.
- 2) It is the further intent of this ordinance that if amended it will promote the general health, safety, and welfare of the citizens of Stallings.

Completed applications must be filed with the Planning Office no later than the first business day of the month in order to be placed on the Planning Board and Town Council agendas. For additional information or assistance, call the Town of Stallings Planning Office at (704) 821-8557.

Applicant Signature:	A. Peter Counterf
	<i>v</i>

Date:

www.stallingsnc.org

ABBREVIATIONS

ABC - Alcoholic Beverage Commission
ADA - Americans with Disabilities Act
AG – Agriculture.
ANSI – American National Standards Institute.
ATM – Automatic Teller Machine. BFE – Base Flood Elevation.
<u>BC – Business Center</u>
BMP – Best Management Practices.
BOCA – Building Officials and Code Administrators.
C-74 – US Highway 74 Commercial.
CERCLA- Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act.
CIV – Civic.
CLG – Certified Local Government.
CO – Certificate of Occupancy.
CP-485 – Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park
CRZ – Critical Root Zone. CWA – Clean Water Act.
DBH - Diameter at Breast Height.
DFIRM – Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map. DWQ – Division of Water Quality.
EA – Environmental Assessment.
EIS – Environmental Impact Statement.
EPA – Environmental Protection Agency.
EPCRA – Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-know Act.
ETC – Et Cetera
ETJ – Extraterritorial Jurisdiction
FAA – Federal Aviation Authority.
FBFM – Flood Boundary and Floodway Map.
02685-001/00393586 Stallings Development Ordinance – Article 3 - Page 76

ARTICLE 8

DISTRICTS

8.1 Purpose

In order to provide for the orderly development of Stallings, preserve existing development patterns that contribute to the character and sense of place of the community, and to allow for creativity in the planning for future development, the Town hereby establishes districts and their associated standards and specifications.

8.2 Districts Created

The following Primary General-Use Districts are created. This listing is in order of intensity of development listed within the district, from least intense to most intense:

(1.) Agriculture (AG)

- (2.) Single Family Residential (SFR-1)
- (3.) Single Family Residential (SFR-2)
- (4.) Single Family Residential (SFR-3)
- (5.) Single Family Residential Mobile Home (SFR-MH)
- (6.) Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)
- (7.) Town Center (TC)
- (8.) Civic (CIV)
- (9.) Mixed Use (MU-1)
- (10.)Mixed Use (MU-2)
- (11.)US Highway 74 Commercial (C 74)

(12.)Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park (CP 485)

(13.) Vehicle Service and Repair (VSR)

(13.)(14.) Business Center (BC)

(14.)(15.) Industrial (IND)

In addition to the Primary General-Use Districts above, the following Overlay Districts are created to provide for more creativity in the development of land and/or to protect unique environmental features of the Town.

(15.)(16.) Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)

- (16.)(17.) Scenic Corridor Overlay (SCO)
- (17.)(18.) Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)

with potentially hazardous conditions. Goals of the Vehicle Service and Repair District include providing a pleasant environment for motorists, a safe environment for pedestrians along the network of streets and pedestrian facilities, promoting the safety of motorists and pedestrians, and preserving the capacity of Town Center and it's interconnecting network of streets outside the core area as shown in the adopted Town Plan. Uses in this district include heavy commercial goods and services for motor vehicles and some limited industrial. Allowed building/lot type is Highway Commercial.

The Business Center (BC) provides a location for employment centered uses. The predominant uses in this district are office, light industrial, and employment supportive uses. Light industrial uses in this district include industrial activities that generally do not have offensive characteristics such as pollution, noise, and dust and can be conducted primarily inside closed buildings. Hospitality uses (e.g., hotels, restaurants, etc.) as well as necessary supporting uses (e.g., banks) may also be allowed. Development standards are designed to protect nearby residential through buffering and screening requirements. For master-planned developments, the external appearance of buildings and signage, along with modes of ingress and egress, are planned to provide consistency throughout the development. Allowed building/lot type is Highway Commercial.

The <u>Industrial District (IND)</u> is established to provide locations for industrial uses that, due to the scale of the buildings and/or the nature of the use, cannot be integrated into the community. Uses within the Industrial District are buffered from adjacent uses. The dominant uses in this district are manufacturing and warehouse storage. Small scale manufacturing and storage that is compatible with less intensive uses can and should be located in other non-residential or mixed use districts. The Industrial District is reserved for uses which require very large buildings and/or large parking and loading facilities. Allowed building/lot type is Highway Commercial.

The <u>Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay District (TNDO)</u> provides for the development of new neighborhoods and the revitalization or extension of existing neighborhoods. These neighborhoods are structured upon a fine network of interconnecting pedestrian oriented streets and other public spaces. Traditional Neighborhood Developments (TND's) provide a mixture of housing types and prices, prominently sited civic or community building(s), stores/offices/workplaces, and churches to provide a balanced mix of activities. A TND has a recognizable center and clearly defined edges; optimum size is a quarter mile from center to edge. A TND is urban in form, is typically an extension of the existing developed area of the Town, and has an overall residential density of up to sixteen (16) dwelling units per acre. TNDO districts should have a significant portion of land dedicated to improved

Minimum Lot Size	Minimum Lot Width	Minimum Setback from Highway r/w	Build-to- Line from any other street	Minimum Rear Yard Setback	Minimum Side Yard Setback
12,000 SF	120' on Highway, or 80' on any other street	16'	12' or as required by buffering standards and/or building type whichever is greater	8' or as required by buffering standards and/or building type whichever is greater	4' or as required by buffering standards and/or building type whichever is greater

- (F.) Open Space. The provision and design of open space shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 2.
- (G.) Parking, Landscaping and Buffers. Parking shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 12. Parking may be placed in between a building and Town Center. However, parking shall not be in the required setback between a building and Town Center. Landscaping, including required buffers, shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 11. See Image 8.4-2 below.
- (H.) When a building is in between a secondary street and the U.S. Highway 74/Bypass, that building shall front the secondary street.
- 8.4-10 Business Center (BC)

(A) Intent: The Business Center (BC) is established to provide locations for employment centered uses. The dominant uses in this district are light industrial and office. Ancillary retail and other supportive uses are permitted. For planned developments, the external appearance of buildings and signage along with modes of ingress and egress, are planned to provide consistency throughout the development. Hospitality uses (e.g. hotels, restaurants, etc.) as well as necessary supportive uses (e.g. banks) may also be allowed.

(A.) Listed Uses:

- (1.) Uses listed by right: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article
- (2.) Uses listed with additional standards: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article and Article 10, Section 10.1
- (3.) Uses listed with conditions: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article and

Article 10, Section 10.2

- (B.) Listed Building and Lot Types: Highway Commercial
- (C.) Residential Density Limit: 0 units/acre

(D.) General Requirements:

- (1.) Building placement, parking placement, building type, urban form, access, and lot arrangement shall be controlled by the lot and building type standards (Article 9) for the lot and building types listed in the Business Center District.
- (2.) In addition to the requirements established by the lot type standards and building type standards, the following minimum dimensional standards shall apply in the Business Center District:

Lot Size	Lot Width	<u>Front Yard</u> Setback			<u>Corner Lot Side</u> Yard Setback
<u>10,000 SF</u>		<u>40'</u>	<u>40'</u>	<u>15'</u>	<u>1410 Setback</u> <u>25'</u>

(E.) Open Space. The provision and design of open space shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 21.

(H.)(F.) Parking, Landscaping and Buffers. Parking shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 12. Landscaping, including required buffers, shall comply with the requirements set forth in Article 11.

8.4-108.4-11 Industrial District (IND)

- (A.) Intent: The <u>Industrial District (IND</u>) is established to provide locations for industrial uses that, due to the scale of the buildings and/or the nature of the use, cannot be integrated into the community. Uses within the Industrial District are buffered from adjacent uses. The dominant uses in this district are manufacturing and warehouse storage. The Industrial District is reserved for uses which require very large buildings and/or large parking and loading facilities.
- (B.) Listed Uses:
 - (1.) Uses listed by right: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article
 - (2.) Uses listed with additional standards: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article and Article 10, Section 10.1
 - (3.) Uses listed with conditions: See Table of Uses (Table 8.1) of this Article and Article 10, Section 10.2

9.8 Highway Lot Type and Building Type Standards

9.8-1 <u>Description.</u> This building type generally comprises fast food retail, drive through banks, motels, industry, and other highway dependent uses. These regulations are designed to bring these building types into a framework of Town streets and provide for an aesthetically pleasing suburban environment.



Structures should be designed to present an interesting and uniquely Stallings design to the passing motorist. Access shall be designed to not impede safe traffic movement.

The photograph is an example located in Kannapolis, North Carolina for illustration purposes only and is not intended to regulate lot/building styles, patterns, or forms.

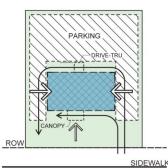
9.8-2 Highway Lot Type Standards.

(A.) Building Placement, Parking, and Vehicle Access.

- (1.) Buildings will be between twelve and one hundred and fifteen (12'- 115') feet behind street ROW. Special site conditions such as topography, pattern of lot widths, or setbacks of existing buildings on the same street within five hundred (500') feet of the proposed building may permit a larger setback.
- (2.) Side and rear setbacks will vary according to side and rear buffer requirements as set forth in Article 11, with a minimum twelve (12') foot setback when no buffer is required.
- (3.) Building facades shall be generally parallel to frontage property lines.
- (4.) Parking shall be located to the rear and/or side of the building. Side- yard parking may occupy no more than thirty-five (35%) percent of the principal frontage line adjacent to a public street and shall be buffered from the street according to the buffer requirements as set forth in Article 11. Drive aisles shall not be constructed to be parking areas for purposes of determining the amount of side-yard parking. Parking shall not be placed in any side-yard abutting an intersecting street. Where dimensions of existing lots restrict parking behind buildings, the limitations on side-yard parking may be modified. (Amended August 26, 2019)
- (5.) Hedges, garden walls, or knee walls may be built on property lines or as the

continuation of building walls. A garden wall, hedge, or knee wall minimum of two feet and six inches (2'6") in height and a maximum of three and six inches (3'6") in height, shall be installed along any street frontage adjacent to parking areas. Knee walls should be built of brick, stone, or other decorative masonry material, or should be built of wrought iron or other decorative metal, and shall generally match the architectural style of Stallings.

- (6.) Parking areas on adjacent lots shall be connected with vehicular and pedestrian connections wherever practical.
- (7.) Trash containers shall be located in the rear parking area and shall be screened from the right-of-way per standards set forth in Article 11.
- (8.) Mechanical equipment at ground level shall be placed on the parking lot side of building away from buildings on adjacent sites and shall be screened from view per standards set forth in Article 11.
- (B.) Vehicular Circulation and Pedestrian Access.
 - (1.) Main pedestrian access to the building may be from the side, front or rear (indicated by the larger arrows). If the primary pedestrian access is from the side or rear of the building, a non-functioning or locked door shall be located on the front of the building. (Amended August 26, 2019)
 - (2.) Gasoline and fuel pumps shall be located to the rear of the building. Drive-through windows and other auto-oriented service facilities shall be located to the rear or side of



STREET

the building. Notwithstanding the foregoing, drive aisles for circulation purposes may be located between the building and the adjacent public and /or private streets. Menu board(s), speaker boxes and/or windows associated with drive-through facilities may not be located on the facade of a building that faces the primary adjacent public street, but may be located on the facade of a building that faces a secondary public street or a private street. The drive aisle for circulation purposes shall be screened from adjacent public and private streets by a garden wall, hedge, or knee wall that complies with the design requirements for a garden wall, hedge, or knee wall set out in Section 9.8-2 (A)(5). (Amended September 23, 2019)

(3.) Entrance canopies (for motels, etc.) shall be oriented towards the primary street.

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(4.) Typical vehicular circulation movement is indicated by thin line arrows.

9.8-3 <u>Highway Building Type Standards.</u>

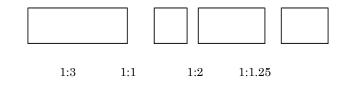
(A.) Permitted Height and Uses.

- (1.) For buildings with flat roofs, building height shall be measured as the vertical distance from the mean elevation of the existing grade to the highest finished roof surface. The height of parapet walls is not counted in the building height calculations and may vary depending upon the need to screen mechanical equipment.
- (2.) For buildings with pitched roofs, building heights shall be measured as the vertical distance from the mean elevation of the finished grade to a point representing the midpoint of the peak and eave heights.
- (3.) Building height to the ridge may vary depending on the roof pitch.
- (4.) Building height is limited to fifty (50') vertical feet. Exemption to this provision applies where the building is located within business or employment centers within the <u>Business Center (BC) and</u> Industrial (IND) districts on local streets and the building is a minimum of three hundred (300') feet from major thoroughfare(s) appearing on the approved thoroughfare plan. Additionally, property that is located within the Mixed Use 2 (MU-2) district and has frontage on or is within a mixed-use project that has frontage on, either Highway 74 may have a vertical height limit of seventy (70') feet. (Amended May 14, 2018)
- (B.) Architectural Standards.
 - (1.) Principles:
 - (a.) Building elevations fronting or visible from public streets shall be clad with masonry, wood, stucco, or similar material. A maximum of thirty (30%) percent of a street fronting building face may be comprised of metal paneling so as to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town, exception to this provision applies where the building frontage is located within business or employment centers within the <u>Business Center (BC)</u> and Industrial (IND) districts on local streets not visible from designated thoroughfare(s) upon the approved thoroughfare plan. (Amended August 26, 2019)
 - (b.) All walls not visible from a public right-of-way may be constructed of cinder block, brick, wood or vinyl siding, or metal paneling.
 - (c.) Buildings in all locations should relate a principal facade to the sidewalk and public space of the street.

- (d.) Corners: Setback at street corners will generally replicate frontage conditions.
- (e.) Trailers (mobile and/or manufactured units) may not be used as permanent highway buildings.
- (2.) Configurations:
 - (a.) Two (2) wall materials may be combined horizontally on one façade. The "heavier" material should be below the "lighter" material (i.e. brick below wood siding) to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town.
 - (b.) Street level windows should be un-tinted to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town. Tinted glass with a minimum visual transmittance factor of thirty-five (35) is permitted. Mirrored or reflective glass is not permitted in any location. Notwithstanding the foregoing, with the approval of the Development Administrator, window treatments, window art, window graphics that do not constitute a window sign and other measures may be utilized on street level windows to screen the interior portions of a building from a sidewalk or a street. (Amended August 26, 2019)
- (3.) Techniques:
 - (a.) All rooftop equipment shall be screened from view from public Right-of-Ways by a building material that matches the structure or is visually compatible with the structure. The screening apparatus should be incorporated as part of the architectural theme to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town.

9.8-4 Building Standards and Anti-Monotony Standards for Highway Buildings.

- (A.) Massing and Rhythm
 - (1.) To insure a consistent scale and compatible character of each and every building, massing and rhythm shall be considered in the site design. Examples of appropriate height to width ratios are depicted in the following below. A single large dominant building mass shall be avoided in new buildings and, to the extent reasonable and feasible, in development projects involving changes to the mass of existing buildings.





Sample building with acceptable massing composition

(B.) Height

- Building height shall be regulated in accordance with Section 9.8-3(A) of this Article.
- (C.) Scale and Roofline
 - (1.) The goal for scale is to be reiterated in regard to height. The scale of buildings must be such that street edges are defined and relate to human proportions. This scale can be achieved through the use of architectural detailing on the first floor of buildings so that larger buildings are broken up into smaller units, by maintaining height limits, by using large picture windows along front facades and by using plantings around the buildings.
 - (2.) A range of roof forms is acceptable as long as they are compatible with the architectural character, scale, and height of surrounding buildings. Mansard roofs are not permitted except in the Agricultural ("AG") district.
- (D.) Fenestration
 - (1.) Fenestration includes the structural openings to buildings, including doors and windows, to intuitively guide people toward their destination and improve emergency response.
 - (2.) All buildings shall have their principal entrance opening to a street, square, plaza, or sidewalk. The sidewalk may be a public sidewalk or a private sidewalk between the principal building entrance and a parking area. Access from the public sidewalk, street right-of-way or driveway to the principal structure shall be provided through an improved surface. Buildings shall comply with this standard for all buildings that provide a non-vehicular service to customers. Exempt uses include vehicle fueling stations, vehicle sales and vehicle repair. (Amended August 26, 2019)
 - (3.) The first floor of all buildings shall be designed to reduce automobile

dependency and encourage pedestrian-scale activity by the use of windows and doors. These openings should be arranged so that uses are visible and/or accessible to both the sidewalk and street. A minimum of fifty (50%) percent of the length and twenty-five (25%) percent of the surface of the primary structure(s) shall be in public entrances or windows. No more than fifty (50%) percent of the surface of the building shall be windows.

- (E.) Access
 - (1.) All street level retail uses with public or private sidewalk frontage shall be furnished with an individual entrance and direct access to the public or private sidewalk in addition to any other access which may be provided. (Amended August 26, 2019)
 - (2.) Doors shall be recessed into the face of the building to prevent doors from operating outward into and/or obstructing the public sidewalk. An entryway shall not be less than fifteen (15) square feet. This provision only applies if a door with open onto a street. (Amended August 26, 2019)
- (F.) Articulation
 - (1.) To improve distinction of buildings and various building spaces along long walls viewed from sharp angles and at long distances, the following standards shall apply:
 - (a.) No wall that faces a street or connecting walkway shall have a blank, uninterrupted length exceeding twenty (20') feet.



(2.) All building walls must include at least two of the following:(a.) change in plane,

- (b.) change in texture or masonry pattern,
- (c.) windows, or
- (d.) Include an equivalent aspect that subdivides the wall into proportions such as an articulated base with a height no more than ten (10') feet.
- (3.) In the event that actual doors and windows are not feasible because of the nature of the use of the building, side or rear walls that face walkways should include false windows and door openings defined by the following:
 - (a.) Frames,
 - (b.) Sills,
 - (c.) Lintels, or
 - (d.) Proportioned modulations of the wall.
- (4.) All sides, including the rear, of the building shall include materials and design characteristics consistent with those on the front.
- (5.) Use of inferior or lesser quality materials on side or rear walls is prohibited except for areas where public access is prohibited by the proprietor.
- (6.) In the event that canopies, awnings or other similar appurtenances are used, the following standards shall apply:
 - (a.) Such appurtenances shall be constructed of materials designed to full-fill the principles of the standards herein.
 - (b.) Any appurtenance may extend from the building up to eighty (80%) percent of the width of the sidewalk area or nine feet, whichever is less.
 - (c.) In no case shall any such facility extend beyond the curb line of the street, nor shall it interfere with maintenance of bio-retention pits with street trees for stormwater management, or maintenance of streetlights or street signs.
 - (d.) A minimum overhead clearance of seven (7') feet from the sidewalk shall be maintained.
- (G.) Materials
 - (1.) All buildings shall be constructed of durable fire retardant and wind resistant materials to prevent hazards to persons and/or property. These materials include brick, either plain or painted, horizontal fiber- cement siding, wood shingle, stone, or concrete-based stucco. All trim materials shall be stone, cast stone, cast concrete, or painted wood.
 - (2.) It is recommended that the primary structure be neutral in color, i.e. light grays, browns, beiges, whites or earth tones and not of colors that are

distractive to motorist or cause concern among proximate proprietors of diminished property value or customer discomfort. The trim may be of various contrasting colors to that of the primary structure.

- (3.) Where any sloped roofs are utilized, they shall be covered with high profile asphalt shingles, natural clay tiles, slate, concrete tiles (with natural texture and color), ribbed metal, or shingles.
- (4.) Finish materials of buildings, signage, gasoline pump canopies and other accessory structures, shall be compatible with the architectural character of the principal structure(s) through compliance with the following guidelines:
 - (a.) All buildings, including gasoline pump canopies, shall utilize a consistent architectural style;
 - (b.) Differing buildings, businesses, or activities within the same development may be distinguished by variations; and
 - (c.) Sides and backs of buildings shall be as visually distinguishable as the front through the design of roof lines, architectural detailing, and landscaping features. Non-public and restricted access areas may be exempted from this provision upon review by the Development Administrator.

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ARTICLE 10

USES WITH ADDITIONAL STANDARDS AND SPECIAL USES

10.1 Uses with Additional Development Standards

- 10.1-1 <u>Purpose</u>. Certain uses provide services and benefits for residents of and visitors to the Town of Stallings. The convenient location of these uses is necessary to their success and the function of the community. Due to the potential impacts of theses uses, certain additional standards are necessary to ensure that they do not adversely impact neighboring uses or the community as a whole. This section identifies the uses that require additional standards and establishes the standards they must meet.
- 10.1-2 <u>Standards Established</u>. The following Uses with Additional Standards and the standards they must meet are hereby established.
- 10.1-3 Accessory Dwelling Units.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "SRF", "MFT", "TNDO", "CIV", and "MU"; however, this use is also listed without supplemental standards in "TC".
 - (B.) Development Standards.
 - (1.) One (1) *Accessory Dwelling Unit* shall be permitted only on a lot containing a single dwelling unit (the principal dwelling) and conforming accessory structures in any single-family zoning district.
 - (2.) The *Accessory Dwelling Unit* shall not be considered a separate unit for the purpose of determining minimum lot size or maximum density.
 - (3.) Home occupations may be located within the Accessory Dwelling Unit.
 - (4.) The maximum gross floor area for the Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be nine hundred (900) SQUARE FEET or forty (40%) percent of the gross floor area of the principal structure, whichever is less. Variances shall not allow the gross floor area of the Accessory Dwelling Unit to exceed one thousand and two hundred (1,200) SQUARE FEET nor shall the size of the Accessory Dwelling Unit exceed fifty (50%) percent of the gross floor area of the principal dwelling unit.
 - (5.) The Accessory Dwelling Unit may be located within same structure as the principal dwelling unit, or it may be a separate structure. If within the same structure as the principal dwelling unit, the Accessory Dwelling Unit may have a separate entrance. If the Accessory Dwelling Unit is located in a

separate structure, the following standards shall apply:

- (a.) The accessory structure housing the Accessory Dwelling Unit must be located behind the principal dwelling. On corner lots, the accessory structure housing the Accessory Dwelling Unit may be located on the corner street side of and behind the principal dwelling, but must be oriented to the front street (same orientation as principal dwelling).
- (b.) Vehicular access to the Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be via the same drive that provides access to the principal structure unless the Accessory Dwelling Unit is located on a corner or through lot. If located on a corner or through lot, a secondary drive may provide access to the Accessory Dwelling Unit, but the secondary drive shall not be on the same street as the drive providing access to the principal dwelling.
- (6.) One (1) parking space may be provided for the Accessory Dwelling Unit. The parking space shall be located in the same area as the parking provided for the principal dwelling unit unless the lot is a corner or through lot and a separate drive provides access to the Accessory Dwelling Unit.
- (7.) The design and construction of the accessory structure housing the Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be compatible with the design and construction of the principal dwelling unit. To ensure compatibility, the following standards shall be met:
 - (a.) The design of the accessory structure housing the *Accessory Dwelling Unit* shall be of the same architectural style as that of the principal dwelling unit.
 - (b.) The roof style and pitch of the accessory structure housing the *Accessory Dwelling Unit* shall be the same as that of the principal dwelling unit.
 - (c.) The exterior building materials used for the accessory structure housing the *Accessory Dwelling Unit* shall be the same as those used for the principal dwelling unit. When the principal dwelling unit is predominantly brick or stone, the use of smooth wood or fibrous cement siding for the accessory structure housing the *Accessory Dwelling Unit* is appropriate to reinforce the ancillary and secondary nature of the *Accessory Dwelling Unit*.
 - (d.) Windows and doors used for the accessory structure housing the Accessory Dwelling Unit shall be the same style and design as those used for the principal dwelling unit. Window and door placement (fenestration) on the accessory structure housing the Accessory Dwelling Unit shall mimic that of the principal dwelling unit.
 - (e.) Exterior paint colors for the accessory structure housing the Accessory

Dwelling Unit shall be the same as (or complementary to) those for the principal dwelling unit.

- (8.) The use of manufactured dwellings, mobile homes, travel trailers, campers, or similar units as an Accessory Dwelling Unit is prohibited, except for Temporary Health Care Structures as defined and allowed by G.S. § 160D-915.
- (9.) The Accessory Dwelling Unit shall not be deeded and/or conveyed to separate and/or distinct ownership separately from the principal dwelling unit.
- 10.1-4 Automobile/Boat/Equipment Repair Service.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "C 74", "VSR", <u>"BC"</u> and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards.
 - (1.) Vehicles awaiting repair shall not be parked in public right-of-way.
 - (2.) No outdoor automobile/boat work areas are to be located in front yard setback area.
 - (3.) All outdoor automobile/boat work areas and/or vehicle storage areas shall be screened from adjacent uses with a six (6') foot tall opaque fence and a Type D buffer (see Article 11); plantings shall be on the exterior side of the fence.
- 10.1-5 <u>Automobile Towing and Storage Service.</u>
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "VSR" and "IND".
 - (B.) Development standards.
 - (1.) No more than thirty (30) automobiles shall be stored at an automobile towing and storage service at a time.
 - (2.) The automotive storage area must be screened with a six (6') foot tall opaque fence and a Type C buffer (see Article 11); plantings shall be on the exterior side of the fence.
 - (3.) No outdoor disassembly or salvaging is permitted.
- 10.1-6 Bank, Savings and Loan, Credit Union.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "TNDO", "TC", "MU-2", "C 74", and "CP 485", and "BC".
 - (B.) Development standards.
 - (1.) Drive-through facilities shall be located at the rear of the building

- (2.) No more than two (2) drive-through lanes shall be permitted
- (3.) Drive-through facilities shall be screened from adjacent uses with a Type D buffer (see Article 11).
- (4.) ATM may be located at side or front of building only if a walk-up facility.

10.1-7 Batting Cages, Outdoor.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "MU-2" and "C 74".
- (B.) Development standards:
 - (1.) Fencing, netting, or other control measures shall be provided around the perimeter of the batting area to prevent balls from leaving the area.
- (2.) Hours of operation 7:00 a.m. 10:00 p.m.

10.1-8 Bed-and-Breakfast Inn (Tourist Home).

(A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "MFT", "TNDO", "TC", and "MU-2".

- (B.) Development Standards
 - (1.) Bed-and-Breakfast Inn establishments (Tourist Homes) shall be located a minimum of five hundred (500') feet from other Bed-and- Breakfast Inn establishments (Tourist Homes). In calculating the five hundred (500') foot distance between Bed-and-Breakfast Inn establishments (Tourist Homes), measurements shall be taken from the closest property line of the existing Bed-and-Breakfast Inn establishment (Tourist Home) lot to the closest property line of the lot of the proposed Bed-and-Breakfast Inn establishment (Tourist Home). Existing, legally established Bed-and-Breakfast Inn establishments (Tourist Home) that do not meet this separation requirement of five hundred (500') feet are permitted to expand within the subject property to the maximum limits allowed under this chapter, as long as all applicable development standards are met.
 - (2.) The owner shall reside on the property a majority of the calendar year.
 - (3.) The minimum lot area for a *Bed-and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*) shall be twenty thousand (20,000) SQUARE FEET.
 - (4.) The maximum number of guest rooms provided by the Bed-and- Breakfast Inn establishment (Tourist Home) shall be fourteen (14).
 - (5.) Accessory structures shall not be utilized for guest accommodation purposes as part of a *Bed-and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*).
 - (6.) Passive recreation-related outdoor activities, such as tea-time, are

permitted outside the principal structure or any accessory structure(s), but all other activities and functions designed to serve and entertain guests shall take place only within the principal structure on properties of one acre or less.

- (7.) The length of stay of any guest shall not exceed thirty (30) successive calendar days, with a minimum interval between stays of ninety (90) days.
- (8.) No home of less than three thousand (3,000) heated SQUARE FEET shall be used for a *Bed-and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*).
- (9.) Off-street parking shall be provided as required by Article 12 of this Ordinance. Parking shall be located on the same lot on which the *Bed- and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*) is located, at the rear of the lot and screened with a type C buffer (see Article 11) from adjacent properties and from the street except where separated from adjacent properties by a minimum of seventy-five (75') feet.
- (10.)Signage shall be limited to a single *Pole Sign*, subject to the regulations of Article 17. The sign shall be located in the front yard and, if lit, shall be indirectly lighted.
- (11.)Exterior lighting shall be residential in nature and shall not be directed towards adjacent properties.
- (12.)Activities and functions at the *Bed-and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*) shall be provided for overnight guests only and shall be limited to breakfast and an afternoon and/or evening refreshment. No commercial activities other than providing lodging for registered guests shall be permitted.
- (13.) The construction and operation of the *Bed-and-Breakfast Inn* establishment (*Tourist Home*) shall comply with N.C. State Building Code requirements.

10.1-9 Car Wash.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "MU-2", "C 74", "VSR", <u>"BC"</u>, and "IND".
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Building(s) shall be at least seventy-five (75') feet from any interior side or rear property line which adjoins property either zoned for or abutting a residential use. A minimum six (6') foot high opaque fence and a Type A buffer shall be provided adjacent to all property zoned for residential uses, with the plantings on the exterior side of the fence.
 - (2.) All washing operations shall be contained in a building.

- (3.) Specific areas shall be provided for the manual drying, waxing, polishing, and vacuuming of vehicles where these services are offered on the site. These areas shall not conflict with on-site circulation patterns.
- (4.) The outdoor service area of a car wash shall be placed and screened in accordance with the standards for on-site parking.
- (5.) Hours of operation shall be between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m. when directly adjoining developed residentially zoned property.
- (6.) Adequate provision shall be made for the safe and efficient disposal and/or recycling of waste products and runoff.
- 10.1-10 Cemetery or Mausoleum.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", and "CIV".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) A minimum of three (3) contiguous acres shall be required to establish a cemetery or mausoleum not located on the same tract of land as a religious institution.
 - (2.) Principal access must be from a collector street or higher capacity street.
 - (3.) Tombstones, crypts, monuments, burial plots, and mausoleums must be located at least twenty-five (25') feet from any street right-of-way or 16 feet from abutting property.
 - (4.) Buildings for maintenance, management, rent and/or sale of cemetery plots must conform to a building type permitted in the zoning district.
- 10.1-11 Religious Institutions (Church, Synagogue, Mosque, or Place of Worship).
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "TNDO", and "CIV", and "BC".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Churches, synagogues, and other places of worship shall meet the standards for civic building and lot types.
 - (2.) Exterior lighting shall be directed or screened so as to protect the privacy of the private living areas and associated open spaces of adjacent residential properties. All exterior lighting shall be full cut-off fixtures.
 - (3.) Accessory Dwelling Units for persons associated with or employed by the church, synagogue, mosque, or place of worship may be provided at a ratio of one (1) unit for each one (1) acre of site; these limits do not apply to the placement of convents, rectories, parsonages, or similar uses on the site.

- (4.) Accessory uses such as religious institution offices, religious bookstores serving the immediate congregation, parking lots, family life centers, multipurpose facilities, outdoor recreational facilities, cemeteries, mausoleum, and day care centers on the same site or sites contiguous to the principal use shall be permitted wherever religious institutions are permitted and shall meet the civic building and lot type or another building and lot type permitted in the zoning district. Similar uses on non-contiguous sites or on a site separated from the principal use by a public street shall be considered principal uses in their own right and be regulated as such. Tombstones, crypts, monuments, burial plots, and mausoleums in accessory cemeteries shall be located at least twenty-five (25') feet from any street right-of- way or sixteen (16') feet from abutting property.
- (5.) Religious institution accessory uses which are not permitted as principal uses in a zoning district shall adhere to the following restrictions:
 - (a.) No merchandise or merchandise display shall be visible from outside the building; and
 - (b.) Signage shall be limited to a single *Pole Sign*, subject to the regulations of Article 17. The sign shall not be located in the front yard and, if lit, shall be indirectly lighted.
- (6.) Except as noted in Section 10.1-11 (B.) (4.) above, accessory uses not permitted as principal uses (including television stations, radio stations, and/or sports complexes) are prohibited. This provision shall in no way restrict accessory use family life centers and multipurpose facilities, a part of whose function may include recreation and sports activities.
- (7.) Application for a zoning permit shall include a comprehensive site plan that addresses the required standards for the main site and all abutting holdings unless deemed un-necessary by the *Development Administrator*.

10.1-12 Club or Lodge.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU-2", "C 74", and "CP 485", and "BC".
- (B.) Development Standards
 - (1.) Building(s) must conform to a building type permitted in the zoning district.
 - (2.) Activities and events at the club or lodge shall occur between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 1:00 a.m.
 - (3.) Access shall be from a collector or higher capacity street.

10.1-13 Country Club with or without Golf Course

(A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "TNDO", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", and "CP 485".

(B.) Development Standards:

- (1.) Building(s) must conform to a building type permitted in the zoning district.
- (2.) Parking shall be screened from residential uses and/or districts with a Type C buffer (see Article 11).
- (3.) Exterior lighting shall be directed or screened so as to protect the privacy of the private living areas and associated open spaces of adjacent residential properties. All exterior lighting shall be full cut-off fixtures.
- (4.) No outdoor activity shall continue past the hour of 10:00 p.m.
- 10.1-14 Day Care Center for Children or Adults (six or more (6+)).
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", and "CP 485", and as an Accessory Use only in the "BC" and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) A *Day Care Center* must meet a permitted building and lot type for the district in which it is to be located.
 - (2.) Day Care Centers for children must provide play space in accordance with the regulations of North Carolina Department of Human Resources. The outdoor play space must be enclosed on all sides by building and/or permitted types of walls or fences; it may not include driveways, parking areas, or land otherwise unsuited for children's play space. Play space may not be in the established front yard.
 - (3.) There is no limit on the hours of operation of a *Day Care Center*, but it shall not serve any client on a continuous twenty-four (24) hour basis.
- 10.1-15 Day Care Center, Home Occupation for less than six (6) persons.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "MFT", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", and "C 74", and as an Accessory Use only in-the_" "BC" and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:

- (1.) The Day Care Center, Home Occupation operation must be located within the residential dwelling unit occupied by the operator of the service. Preschool instruction and daytime care is limited to five (5) persons not related to the operator.
- (2.) Day Care Center, Home Occupations for children shall provide play space in accordance with the regulations of the North Carolina Department of Human Resources.
- (3.) Outdoor play space must be fenced or otherwise enclosed on all sides and may not include driveways, parking areas, or land otherwise unsuited for children's play space; it is prohibited in any established building setback from a street.
- (4.) No chain link fences shall be permitted in the front yard. Chain link and similar fencing materials located in the side and rear yards shall be planted on the exterior side with evergreen shrubs minimum three (3') feet in height and six (6') feet on center at installation, or be obscured by a comparable screening treatment.
- (5.) A Day Care Center, Home Occupation must be clearly incidental to the residential use of the dwelling and must not change the essential residential character of the dwelling; all building and lot standards for residential dwellings shall be maintained.
- (6.) There are no specific limitations on the hours of operation of a Day Care Center, Home Occupation, but no outdoor play shall be permitted twenty (20) minutes after sun-set.

10.1-16 Dormitories.

- (A.) Zoning District where additional standards below apply: "CIV".
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Must be located on the campus of secondary or post-secondary school.
 - (2.) The dormitories must be administered and/or managed by the secondary or post-secondary school on whose campus they are located.
 - (3.) Buildings shall comply with the building type standards permitted in the Civic District.
- 10.1-17 Drive-through Window as Accessory Use.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU-2", "C 74", and "CP 485" and "BC".
 - (B.) Development Standards:

- (1.) Drive-through service window, stacking lane(s), and circulation are prohibited in the established front setback of the principal building, or in an established side yard which abuts a street.
- (2.) Drive-through service window, stacking lane(s), and circulation are treated as components of on-site parking for the purposes of buffering.
- (3.) The length of on-site stacking lane(s), taken together, shall be a maximum of two hundred (200') feet if window access is provided directly from a major or minor arterial; a maximum of one hundred (100') feet if window access is provided directly from a street of lesser capacity.
- (4.) The drive-through lane(s) must be distinctly marked by special striping, pavement markings, or traffic islands. A separate circulation drive must be provided for passage around and escape from the outermost drive-through service lane.
- (5.) Buffering is not required for walk-up service accessories such as depositories and ATM's.
- (6.) One drive-through service window and/or automated service device may be permitted.
- (7.) Drive-through service windows and/or automated devices shall be mitigated by the provision of four (4) electric vehicle charging devices per window and/or device to mitigate the air quality impact of a motor vehicle at idle.
- 10.1-18 Golf Course (see Country Club with Golf Course, Section 10.1-13).
- 10.1-19 Golf Driving Range.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "TNDO", "CIV", "MU-2", "C 74", and "CP 485".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Fencing, netting, or other control measures shall be provided around the perimeter of the driving range to prevent balls from leaving the area unless on site buffering is provided to prevent balls from entering any adjacent and/or occupied and/or improved property.
 - (2.) The hours of operation will be no earlier than 8:00 a.m. and no later than 11:00 p.m.
- 10.1-20 Raceway (Go-Cart, Motorcycle, &/or Automobile).
 - (A.) Zoning District where additional standards below apply: "C 74".
 - (B.) Development and Performance Standards.

- (1.) A minimum separation of thirty (30') feet, fully vegetated, shall be provided between any use area and any abutting property line. The vegetation shall form a permanent semi-opaque screen between the use area and adjacent property.
- (2.) Any use area shall be located a minimum of two hundred (200') feet from any residential or mixed-use district.
- (3.) The site shall be screened from view at street(s) within two hundred (200') feet of the use area by a masonry wall or a solid wood fence, planted on the exterior side with a semi-opaque vegetative screen with expected height of at least eight (8') feet at maturity; if security fencing of chain link or similar material is provided, it shall be placed on the interior side of the vegetation and wall or fence.
- (4.) The hours of operation will be no earlier than 8:00 a.m. and no later than 8:00 p.m.
- 10.1-21 Home Occupation.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "SRF", "MFT", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", "CP 485", <u>"BC"</u>, and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) No display of goods, products, or services, or other advertising shall be visible from outside the dwelling, except that home occupations shall be allowed one pole sign in accordance with the provisions of Article 17, and such sign shall not be illuminated.
 - (2.) Home occupations shall be principally conducted by residents of the dwelling. However, a maximum of one (1) full-time equivalent non- resident of the dwelling may be employed as part of the home occupation.
 - (3.) On premise retail sales shall not be a component of the home occupation.
 - (4.) A maximum of twenty-five (25%) percent of the gross floor area of the dwelling unit may be used for the home occupation. If the home occupation is housed in an accessory structure, the square footage of the accessory structure shall not exceed twenty-five (25%) percent of the square footage of the principal structure (home).
 - (5.) Only one (1) vehicle principally used in connection with the home occupation shall be parked or stored on premise. Such a vehicle shall not display any signage designed to be visible beyond the property boundaries. Such a vehicle shall not be parked in a conspicuous place and shall be stored in a conforming on-site parking space meeting the provisions of Article 12.

- (6.) No equipment or process shall be used in connection with the home occupation that creates noise, vibrations, glare, fumes, odors, or electrical interference off premises.
- (7.) In addition to required parking as stipulated in Article 12, one (1) additional off-street parking space shall be provided for use in conjunction with the home occupation.
- (8.) Instruction in music, dancing, art, or similar subjects shall be limited to no more than five (5) students at one time.
- (9.) The home occupation shall not materially increase the traffic that is found in its vicinity when the use is not in operation. Pursuant to this, a maximum of six (6) individuals per day may visit the home occupation, with the exception of the instruction occupations addressed in Section 10.1-21 (B.) (8.) above.
- 10.1-22 Junked Motor Vehicle Storage as Accessory Use.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "C 74", "VSR", "BC", and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Any vehicle meeting the definition of "motor vehicle, junked" in Article 3 shall be stored or placed in the side or rear yard of the property in such a manner so as to be totally screened from view from any street and/or from any adjacent residential, mixed use, or civic zoned property. Total screening shall be provided by placement of the vehicle behind a building and/or by plant materials, fences, berms, or a combination thereof with a minimum height of six (6') feet.
 - (2.) Open storage of more than one (1) such vehicle shall require classification as a junkyard, salvage yard, auto parts use and shall meet the conditions for such use as set forth elsewhere in this Article.
 - (3.) More than one (1) such vehicle may be stored within a completely enclosed building.
- 10.1-23 Kennels or Pet Grooming with Outdoor Pens or Runs.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "C 74", "CP 485", and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:

- (1.) The pens, runs, and/or other facility for the outdoor containment of animals shall be at least four hundred (400') feet from abutting property located in a residential or mixed-use district.
- (2.) The pens, runs, and/or other facility for the outdoor containment of animals shall be buffered from abutting property in a residential or mixed-use district with a Type B buffer (see Article 11).

10.1-24 Multi-Family Development.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "MFT" (eight (8) units or less only), "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU-1" and "MU-2".
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - The multi-family development shall not exceed a total of seventy-two (72) dwelling units without separation of parcels by a public street or park.
 - (2.) The maximum permitted density for the multi-family development shall be ten (10) units per acre or as limited by Permitted Residential Density standards listed in Article 8. (Amended December 19, 2019)
 - (3.) The permitted building and lot types for the multi-family development in a single-family area shall be the detached house and the attached house building and lot types.
 - (4.) All parking for the multi-family development shall be located behind the building. The parking area shall be screened from adjacent properties and from the street with a minimum of a Type C buffer (see Article 11).
 - (5.) The buildings in the multi-family development shall be architecturally compatible with single family structures on the street on which the multifamily building is proposed. Elements that shall be incorporated into the design of the multi-family building to ensure architectural compatibility are:
 - (a.) The multi-family building shall be constructed of building materials similar to those used on single family structures on the street.
 - (b.) The roof pitch of the multi-family building shall be the same as that of the single-family structures on the street.
 - (c.) The fenestration of the multi-family building by location and size of windows and doors shall be similar to that of the single-family homes on the street.
 - (d.) Color renderings of the proposed building must be submitted with the application to ensure architectural compatibility.

(6.) No multi-family building shall be located closer than thirty-six (36') feet to an existing multi-family building or development. The distance shall be measured along centerline of streets from the edge of the property proposed for development to the closest edge of the property on which the existing multi-family building or development is located. (Amended September 23, 2019)

10.1-25 Nursing Home, Assisted Living.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", and "C 74".
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) The facility shall provide centrally located shared food preparation, food service, and dining areas.
 - (2.) Common recreation, social, and service facilities shall be provided at a minimum rate of thirty (30) SQUARE FEET per dwelling unit or per rooming unit.
 - (3.) All facilities shall be solely for the use of residents and their guests.
 - (4.) Facilities for administrative services and limited medical services for the exclusive use of the resident shall be located on the site.
- 10.1-26 Parks and Recreation Facilities, Public.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "SRF", "MFT", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", and "CP 485".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Overflow parking (in addition to required parking) must be designed on the site plan and be kept available to handle all traffic from special events such as softball tournaments and outdoor concerts.
 - (2.) All parks greater than ten (10) acres shall have primary access to a collector or higher capacity street.
 - (3.) Lighting, with the exception of lighting for ball fields and tennis courts, shall be full cut-off fixtures.
- 10.1-27 Special Events and Temporary Structures.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: See Article 15
 - (B.) Development Standards: See Article 15

10.1-28 School, Elementary or Secondary.

- (A.) Zoning District where additional standards below apply: "CIV".
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Minimum lot size:
 - (a.) Kindergarten (only): One (1) acre.
 - (b.) K-12: Two (2) acres.
 - (2.) Minimum setback standards:
 - (a.) Front: Twice that for permitted uses in the respective zoning district.
 - (b.) Side: twenty-five (25') feet.
 - (c.) Rear: twenty-five (25') feet.
 - (3.) Building type shall be civic building.
 - (4.) Parking and active recreation areas shall not be located within the required building setbacks.
 - (5.) Primary access shall be provided from arterial streets. Local residential streets shall not be used for primary access.
 - (6.) Site lighting shall be full cut-off fixtures.
- 10.1-29 Swim and Tennis Club.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "SRF", "MFT", "TNDO", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", and "CP 485".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) The minimum area shall be two (2) acres. The minimum area shall be one(1) acre if located as part of a common area within a development.
 - (2.) There shall a minimum fifty (50') foot separation between clubhouse, swimming pool, lighted tennis court, or athletic field and any adjacent residentially-zoned property.
 - (3.) Outdoor swimming pools shall be protected by a non-climbable type fence, or equal enclosure, a minimum four (4) feet in height and equipped with a selfclosing and positive self-latching gate provided with hardware for permanent locking.
 - (4.) Site lighting shall be full cut-off fixtures. If proof is provided that such lighting is inadequate for the tennis courts, the *Development Administrator* may approve other lighting for the tennis courts only.

10.1-30 Temporary Construction Storage and/or Office.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: See Article 15
- (B.) Development Standards: See Article 15
- 10.1-31 Veterinary Service with Outdoor Kennels.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "AG", "C 74", "CP 485", <u>"BC"</u>, and "IND".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) The pens, runs, and/or other facility for the outdoor containment of animals shall be at least four hundred (400') feet from abutting property located in a residential or mixed-use district.
 - (2.) The pens, runs, and/or other facility for the outdoor containment of animals shall be buffered from abutting property in a residential or mixed-use district with a Type B buffer (see Article 11).
- 10.1-32 <u>Wireless telecommunication facilities, microcell.</u> (As defined in G.S. §§ 160D-930 through 938).
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: All zoning districts.
 - (B.) Development Standards
 - (1.) Microcellular wireless telecommunication facilities are permitted on buildings and other existing structures, other than off-premise signs, which do not require an increase in height to accommodate the facility. Each new utility pole and each modified or replacement utility pole or Town utility pole installed in the right of way and on private property shall not exceed fifty (50') feet above ground level and each new small wireless facility in the right of way and private property shall not extend more than ten (10') feet above the utility pole, Town utility pole or wireless support structure on which it is collocated.
 - (2.) All antennas associated with microcellular wireless telecommunication facilities mounted on a building or other existing structure (other than a utility pole) shall be flush-mounted against the side of the building or structure and camouflaged to match or complement the color and architectural treatment of the surface on which they are mounted.
 - (3.) Antennas associated with a microcellular wireless telecommunication facility mounted on a utility pole must be mounted atop the pole or flush mounted against the sides of the pole and shall be colored to match or complement the color of the utility pole and shall be mounted in as

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unobtrusive a manner as possible.

- (4.) Antennas associated with a microcellular wireless telecommunication facility may not be co-located on a tower or other support structure used by an amateur radio operator.
- (5.) Equipment enclosures associated with microcellular wireless telecommunication facilities mounted on a building or other existing structure (other than a utility pole) shall be mounted inside the building or structure, attached to an exterior surface, or placed underground or on a concrete pad on the ground outside the building or structure. If mounted on an exterior surface, the enclosures shall be colored or camouflaged to match or complement the color and architectural treatment of the surface on which they are mounted. If placed on a concrete pad on the ground, the enclosures shall be screened so as to make them unobtrusive.
- (6.) Equipment enclosures associated with a microcellular wireless telecommunication facility mounted on a utility pole, must be mounted on the utility pole; provided, however, if combiners are used to allow co-location by sharing of an antenna or antenna array and pole- mounting of equipment enclosures cannot be accommodated on the pole, the combiner and additional equipment enclosures may be placed underground or on a concrete pad on the ground. If placed on a concrete pad on the ground, such additional equipment enclosures shall be screened so as to make them unobtrusive.
- (7.) All cabling and wiring connecting antennas, equipment enclosures, and other components of a microcellular wireless telecommunication facility shall be colored or concealed in a manner as to render them unobtrusive.
- (8.) Microcellular wireless telecommunication facilities located in a local historic district or on a historic landmark shall require a certificate of appropriateness from the historic resources commission.
- (9.) Generators may not be used as a primary electrical power source. Backup generators shall only be operated during power outages or for testing and maintenance purposes. Testing and maintenance shall only take place on weekdays between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.
- (10.) A copy of the applicant's Federal Communication Commission (FCC) license must accompany its application. If the applicant is not an FCC licensee, the applicant must demonstrate that it has binding commitments from one or more FCC licensees to utilize the wireless telecommunication facility and must submit a copy of each such wireless service provider's FCC license. If FCC licenses have previously been filed with the Town in conjunction with other wireless telecommunication facilities, the applicant may certify that

such licenses remain in full force and effect. In no instance in an area zoned single-family residential ("SRF") where the existing utilities are installed underground may a utility pole, Town utility pole, or wireless support structure exceed forty (40') vertical feet above ground level, unless the applicant receives a variance for a taller pole from the *Board of Adjustment* per G.S. § 160D-936(d)(1).

(11.)Abandoned or unused wireless telecommunication facilities shall be removed within one hundred and eighty (180) days of abandonment or cessation of operations. If not removed within that period, such facilities may be removed by the Town and the costs of removal recovered from the permittee, per G.S. § 160D-935(g). Prior to removing a wireless telecommunication facility pursuant to this provision, the Town shall give thirty (30) days written notice of its intention to do so to the permittee at its last known address.

10.1-33 <u>Wireless telecommunication facilities, concealed.</u>

- (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: All zoning districts.
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Concealed wireless telecommunication facilities are permitted on buildings and alternative structures, other than off-premise signs and telecommunication towers.
 - (2.) For purposes of this section, antennas mounted on an electric transmission tower shall qualify as a concealed wireless telecommunication facility provided antennas associated with such a facility do not extend more than ten (10') feet above the top of the supporting structure nor more than two feet from the sides of the structure. Equipment enclosures associated with such a facility may be mounted on the structure or placed underground or on the ground. If placed on the ground, equipment enclosures shall be placed on a concrete pad and screened so as to make them unobtrusive.
 - (3.) For purposes of this section, antennas mounted on an electric distribution tower shall qualify as a concealed wireless telecommunication facility provided antennas associated with such a facility do not extend more than ten (10') feet above the top of the supporting structure nor more than two (2') feet from the sides of the structure, and equipment enclosures associated with the facility occupy less than sixty (60) cubic feet. Equipment enclosures associated underground or on the ground on a concrete pad. Electric distribution poles may be extended in height in R/MST zoning district to the lesser of twenty (20') feet above the vegetative canopy in the vicinity of the site as

determined by the *Development Administrator* or eighty (80') feet in height. Such extensions shall qualify as an existing structure for purposes of this section. Such height extensions of electric distribution poles shall only be permitted if no other distribution pole within the applicant's search ring has been extended in height above the average pole height on the same distribution line as documented by the utility owning such poles and the applicant has demonstrated that co-location on such other extended electric transmission tower is not technically or commercially feasible, per G.S. §160D-933(b)(3).

- (4.) Panel antennas associated with concealed wireless telecommunication facilities may not exceed eight feet in height. If flush-mounted on the side of a building or alternative structure, antennas shall be camouflaged to match or complement the color and architectural treatment of the surface. Antennas extending above the roof line of a building shall be concealed behind an RF-transparent parapet wall or facade which is camouflaged to match or complement the color and architectural treatment of the building or structure. Such parapet walls or facades shall not extend more than ten feet above the roof line. Where a parapet wall is at least eight feet in height, omnidirectional (whip-type) antennas may extend above the parapet wall by a distance equal to the height of the parapet wall.
- (5.) Antennas associated with a concealed wireless telecommunication facility may not be co-located on a tower or other support structure used by an amateur radio operator.
- (6.) Electronic equipment associated with concealed wireless telecommunication facilities may be placed inside a building or, if placed on a rooftop, all equipment enclosures shall be mounted behind a parapet wall or facade which is camouflaged to match or complement the color and architectural treatment of the building. If placed on the ground on a concrete pad, except as provided in Section 10.1-33(B.)(4.) above, equipment enclosures shall be screened so as to make them unobtrusive.
- (7.) All cabling and wiring connecting antennas, equipment enclosures, and other components of concealed wireless telecommunication facilities shall be colored or concealed in a manner as to render them unobtrusive.
- (8.) Generators may not be used as a primary electrical power source. Backup generators shall only be operated during power outages or for testing and maintenance purposes. Testing and maintenance shall only take place on weekdays between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.
- (9.) Applicants for concealed wireless telecommunication facilities shall first be encouraged to consider properties owned by the Town or Union County, or

instrumentalities thereof, before considering private properties. Public properties shall be subject to the same restrictions and standards of appropriateness as private properties. All such public agencies or instrumentalities shall retain discretion as to whether to make a specific property available for wireless telecommunication facilities and to make determinations with respect to site capacity, aesthetics, or suitability of such facilities. A copy of the applicant's FCC license must accompany its application. If the applicant is not an FCC licensee, the applicant must demonstrate that it has binding commitments from one or more FCC licensees to utilize the wireless telecommunication facility and must submit a copy of each such wireless service provider's FCC license. If FCC licenses have previously been filed with the Town in conjunction with other wireless telecommunication facilities, the applicant may certify that such licenses remain in full force and effect.

(10.)Abandoned or unused wireless telecommunication facilities shall be removed within one hundred and eighty (180) days of abandonment or cessation of operations. If not removed within that period, such facilities may be removed by the Town and the costs of removal recovered from the permittee. Prior to removing a wireless telecommunication facility pursuant to this provision, the Town shall give thirty (30) days written notice of its intent to do so to the permittee at its last known address.

(11.)(Reserved)

- 10.1-34 Pawnshop or Used Merchandise Store.
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where additional standards below apply: "C 74".
 - (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) The owner shall comply with all applicable portions of G.S. Chapter 66, Article 45, Part 1: Pawnbrokers and Cash Converters.
 - (2.) Hours of operation: 8:00 a.m. until 8:00 p.m.
 - (3.) No outdoor storage or display of merchandise or goods.
 - (4.) No "unsightly window display" of appliances, tools, or housewares.
 - (5.) No window tinting.
 - (6.) Five hundred (500') feet of separation between pawnshops measured in a straight line between front door entrances, inclusive of rights of way.
 - (7.) No pornographic or sexually explicit material sales on site.

10.1-35 <u>Manufactured Dwelling/Home (replacement of existing unit on individual lot</u> (See Article 8)).

- (A.) Zoning District where additional standards below apply: All zoning districts when replacing an existing manufactured dwelling per Article 22.5-2.
- (B.) Development Standards:
 - (1.) Manufactured Dwellings (Homes) on individual lots, not within a Manufactured Dwelling (Home) Park, shall be multi-sectional. Single- wide Manufactured Dwellings (Homes) shall not be permitted on individual lots.
 - (2.) The manufactured dwelling (home) shall have the towing apparatus, wheels, axles, and transporting lights removed.
 - (3.) The manufactured dwelling (home) shall be set-up in accordance with the standards established by the North Carolina Department of Insurance for permanent installations.
 - (4.) A continuous masonry foundation shall be installed under the perimeter, un-pierced except for required ventilation, access and utility purposes.
 - (5.) A permanent front porch of at least thirty-two (32) square feet in area shall be constructed within eight (8") inches of the finished floor elevation and be fully underpinned with masonry, equal to the permanent foundation in Section 10.1-36(B.)(5.) above, to completely conceal the area beneath the porch and the Manufactured Dwelling (Home). All secondary entrances and exits to the Manufactured Dwelling (Home) shall also have concrete or masonry steps to the finished grade.
 - (6.) The front of the Manufactured Dwelling (Home) shall be parallel to the front property line except on corner lots.

10.1-36 Outdoor Storage.

- (A.) Applicable to any Zoning Districts where Table 8.1, appearing in Article 8 of this Ordinance includes the Outdoor Storage of materials associated with a use listed with additional standards.
- (B.) Exclusions include licensed motor vehicles titled to a resident and/or occupant of the property, provided such vehicles are not in violation of the provisions of Section 10.1-22 of this Article.
- (C.) Performance Standards for Outdoor Storage:
 - (1.) In all zoning districts where storage of bulk materials, inventory, customer owned property, and/or equipment is stored outdoors more than three (3) consecutive calendar days the site shall:

(a.) consist of a minimum of five (5) acres;

(b.) provide for the screening and buffering along all site perimeter of the area designated for Outdoor Storage on an approved site plan with a Type D Buffer, except where the site abuts an adjacent Zoning District requiring the provision of a Buffer Yard in accordance with Table 11.1 appearing in Article 11 of this Ordinance.

10.1-37 Hospital Campuses.

- (A.) The following architectural and building standards shall apply to buildings located on a hospital campus and shall be in lieu of the standards set out in Sections 9.8-3 (B.) and 9.8-4 of this Ordinance, which standards shall not apply to buildings located on a hospital campus.
 - (1.) Principles:
 - (a.) Building elevations fronting or visible from public streets shall be clad with brick, masonry, precast concrete, stone, synthetic stone, metal panels, glass, wood, stucco, or similar materials. A maximum of forty (40%) percent of a street fronting buildings face may be compromised of metal paneling so as to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town, exception to this provision applies where building frontage is located within business or employment centers within the <u>Business</u> <u>Center (BC) and</u> Industrial ("IND") districts on local streets not visible from designated thoroughfares upon the approved thoroughfare plan.
 - (b.) All walls not visible from a public right-of-way may be constructed of cinder block, brick, wood, or metal paneling.
 - (c.) Buildings in all locations should relate a principal façade to the sidewalk and public space of the street.
 - (2.) Configurations:
 - (a.) Two (2) wall materials may be combined horizontally on one façade. The "heavier" material should be below the "lighter" material (i.e. brick below siding) to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town.
 - (3.) Techniques:
 - (a.) All rooftop equipment shall be screened from public view at grade from adjacent public right-of-way by a building material that matches the structure. The screening apparatus should be incorporated as part of the architectural theme to maintain compatibility with structures within the Town.
- (B.) Building Standards and Anti-Monotony Standards:

- (1.) Massing and Rhythm:
 - (a.) To ensure a consistent scale and compatible character of each building, massing and rhythm shall be consistent in the site design.
- (2.) Height
 - (a.) Maximum building height shall be one hundred and twenty (120') feet as measured under the ordinance.
- (3.) Scale and Roofline:
 - (a.) The goal for scale is to be reiterated regarding height. The scale of buildings must be such that street edges are defined and relate to human proportions.
 - (b.) A range of roof forms is acceptable if they are compatible with the architectural character, scale, and height of surrounding buildings. Mansard roofs are not permitted.
- (4.) Fenestration:
 - (a.) Fenestration includes the structural openings to buildings, including doors and windows, to intuitively guide people toward their destination and improve emergency response.
 - (b.) All buildings shall have their principal entrance opening to a public or private street, square, plaza, or a public or private sidewalk. Access from the public or private sidewalk, street right-of- way, or driveway to the principal structure shall be provided through an improved surface. Buildings shall comply with this standard for all buildings that provide a non-vehicular service.
 - (c.) The first (1st) floor of all buildings shall be designed to reduce automobile dependency and encourage pedestrian-scale activity using windows and doors. These openings should be arranged so that uses are visible and/or accessible to both sidewalk and street.
- (5.) Articulation
 - (a.) All sides, including the rear of the building shall include materials and design characteristics consistent with those on the front.
 - (b.) Use of inferior or lesser quality materials on side or rear walls is prohibited except for areas where public access is prohibited by the proprietor.
 - (c.) If canopies, awnings, or other similar appurtenances are used, the following standards shall apply:
 - (i.) Such appurtenances shall be constructed of materials designed to full-fill the principles of the standards herein.

- (ii.) Any appurtenance may extend from the building up to eighty (80%) percent of the width of the sidewalk area or nine (9') feet whichever is less.
- (iii.) In no case shall any such facility extend beyond the curb line of the street, nor shall it interfere with maintenance of bio- retention pits with street trees for stormwater management, or maintenance of streetlights or street signs.
- (iv.) A minimum overhead clearance of seven (7') feet from the sidewalk shall be maintained.
- (6.) Materials
 - (a.) All buildings shall be constructed of durable fire retardant and wind resistant materials to prevent hazards to persons and/or property.
 - (b.) It is recommended that the primary structure be neutral in color (i.e. light grays, browns, beiges, whites or earth tones) and not colors that are distractive to motorist or cause concern among proximate proprietors or diminished property value or customer discomfort. The trim may be of various contrasting colors to that of the primary structure.
 - (c.) Where any sloped roofs are utilized, they shall be covered with high profile asphalt shingles, natural clay tiles, slate, concrete tiles (with natural texture and color), ribbed metal, or shingles.
 - (d.) Finish materials of buildings, signage, and other accessory structures, shall be compatible with the architectural character of the principal structure(s) through compliance with the following guidelines:
 - (i.) All buildings shall utilize a consistent architectural style;
 - (ii.) Differing buildings, businesses, or activities within the same development may be distinguished by variations; and
 - (iii.) Sides and backs of buildings shall be visually distinguishable as the front through the design of roof lines, architectural detailing, and landscaping features. Non-public and restricted access areas may be exempted from this provision upon review by the *Development Administrator. (Amended August 26, 2019)*

10.2 Special Uses

- 10.2-1 <u>Purpose</u>. Certain uses may wish to locate in the Town of Stallings and its area of jurisdiction, which, due to their size and/or operation, have impacts that could adversely impact neighboring uses or the community as a whole. Due to the potential impacts of theses uses, they must meet certain conditions to ensure that they do not adversely impact neighboring uses or the community as a whole. This section identifies the uses that require conditions and establishes the conditions they must meet. A Special Use Permit must be granted for these uses in accordance with the procedures set forth in Article 7.
- 10.2-2 <u>Condition Uses Established</u>. The following Special Uses and the minimum conditions they must meet are hereby established.

10.2-3 Adult Establishment.

- (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "IND".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) No lot containing an adult use shall be located within a one thousand and two hundred (1,200') foot radius of any lot containing another adult use.
 - (2.) No lot containing an adult use shall be located within a one thousand and two hundred (1,200') foot radius of any residential or mixed-use zoning district.
 - (3.) No lot containing an adult use shall be located within a one thousand and two hundred (1,200') foot radius of any dwelling unit, church or place of worship, school, library, licensed child care center, public recreation center, or public park or playground.
 - (4.) The required distance shall be measured from the closest edge of the property occupied by an adult use to the closest edge of the property occupied by a protected use, zone, or by another adult use. Provided, however, that if an adult use is located in a multi-tenant facility, the distance shall be measured from the closest edge of the portion of the facility occupied by such use.
 - (5.) No more than one (1) adult establishment may be located within the same structure or on the same lot.
 - (6.) In the interest of public health and safety, mini-motion picture booths shall be constructed without doors and shall orient the customer entrance of each booth toward the principal sales counter.
 - (7.) Except for permitted business identification signage, no printed material, slide, video, photograph, written text, live show, or other visual presentation

shall be visible, nor shall any live or recorded voices, music, or sounds be heard from outside the walls of the adult use.

10.2-4 Agricultural Based Business Facility.

- (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "AG"; however, this use is also listed without supplemental standards in "IND".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) The facility shall be located on a lot or parcel of no less than four (4) acres and is not included in the *Bona Fide Farm* exemption.
 - (2.) The facility may include agricultural, horticultural, vintner, brewing, bottling, packaging, research, manufacturing, production, and/or public venues for interactive participation and/or consumption operations of products for human consumption.
 - (3.) Accessory activities may include entertainment venues, tasting rooms/bars, retail outlets, distribution facilities, and/or restaurant services in accordance with applicable laws.
 - (4.) The facility shall not include feed lots, slaughtering and/or meat packaging operations, or composting facilities
 - (5.) Buildings shall meet the following design standards:
 - (a.) Maximum footprint: forty-five thousand (45,000) square feet.
 - (b.) Maximum height: forty-two (42') feet (excluding silos and related attachments)
 - (c.) Exterior building materials shall consist of wood siding, wood shingles, fiber cement siding, brick, rock, or other high-quality masonry material. No vinyl or metal siding shall be permitted.
 - (6.) Minimum three hundred (300') foot distance between manure storage areas, barns, or stables and any adjacent residentially zoned property.
- 10.2-5 <u>Amusement/Water Parks, Fairgrounds.</u>
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where the conditions appearing below apply: "C-74" and "CP 485 ".
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) Outdoor amusement facilities will be separated by a Type C buffer (see Article 11) from any abutting property located in a residential or mixed-use district.

- (2.) No amusement facilities, water slides, or mechanical rides shall be located within two hundred (200') feet of any abutting property located in a residential district.
- (3.) Hours of operation will be no earlier than 8:00 a.m. and no later than 10:00 p.m.

10.2-6 Asphalt Plant.

- (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "HIO".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) The facility shall be located on a lot of no less than five (5) acres.
 - (2.) Access shall be from a collector or higher classification street. No trucks traffic shall be permitted on surrounding residential streets.
 - (3.) A minimum of a Type A buffer (see Article 11) shall be located around the perimeter of the property on which the asphalt plant is located.
 - (4.) All operations other than parking shall be located a minimum of one thousand (1,000') feet from any residential or mixed-use zoning district.
 - (5.) The facility shall comply with the requirements of Article 10.2-16.

10.2-7 Equestrian Facility.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where the conditions appearing below apply: "AG", "TNDO", "C 74", and "CP 485".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) The facility will not be in conflict with the purpose and objectives set forth in this ordinance for the zoning district in which the facility is located.
 - (2.) The facility shall be located on a lot of no less than five (5) acres.
 - (3.) Outdoor riding rings may be provided as part of the facility.
 - (4.) Minimum three hundred (300') foot distance between manure storage areas, barns or stables and any adjacent residentially zoned property.
 - (5.) Maximum number of horses boarded is two (2) per acre. (6.) Buildings shall meet the following design standards:
 - (a.) Maximum footprint: fifteen thousand (15,000) square feet
 - (b.) Maximum height: forty-two (42') feet (excluding silos and related attachments)

(c.) Exterior building materials shall consist of wood siding, wood shingles, fiber cement siding, brick, rock, or other high-quality masonry material. No vinyl or metal siding shall be permitted.

10.2-8 Group Care Facility.

- (A.) Zoning Districts where the conditions appearing below apply: "AG", "SFR", "MFT", "TNDO", "TC", "CIV", "MU", "C 74", and "CP 485".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) No such facility shall be located within half (0.5) of a mile of an existing group care facility unless located within the Civic (CIV) district and/or specifically approved within a Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO) district.
 - (2.) The facility shall be limited to no more than thirty (30) persons. (3.) Buildings shall be of a type permitted in the zoning district.

10.2-9 Junkyards and/or Salvage Yards, Auto Parts.

- (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "IND" with "HIO".
- (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) The minimum area required to establish a salvage yard shall be five (5) acres.
 - (2.) A six-foot-tall opaque fence of uniform construction and a type A buffer shall be placed around the perimeter of the use; plantings shall be on the exterior side of the fence.
 - (3.) No salvage yard, scrap processor, or auto wrecking shall be located within three hundred (300') feet of any residence existing or under construction at the time of installation of such operation or business.

10.2-10 <u>RESERVED</u>.

- 10.2-11 <u>Petroleum and Petroleum Products, Fuel Oil Sales (including bio-fuel) Storage</u> <u>and/or Transquare feeter Facilities.</u>
 - (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "IND" with "HIO".
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) Minimum lot area shall be five (5) acres.

- (2.) Use shall comply with all federal and state standards. Verification of compliance or ability to comply shall be provided with the application submitted to the Town of Stallings.
- (3.) The use shall be buffered from adjacent properties and public streets with a Type B buffer (see Article 11).
- (4.) Hazardous Industry Overlay District (HIO) conditions and standards apply.
- (5.) The facility shall comply with the requirements of Article 10.2-16.
- 10.2-12 Sewage Treatment Plant.
 - (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "HIO". (Amended March 28, 2022)
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) Minimum site area shall be ten (10) acres.
 - (2.) All buildings, lagoons, outdoor treatment areas, and other facilities shall be located at least one thousand (1,000') feet from residential and mixed use zoned property.
 - (3.) Use shall comply with all federal and state standards. Verification of compliance or ability to comply shall be provided with the application submitted to the Town of Stallings.
 - (4.) Use shall be managed and operated by a municipality, county, or other governmental entity.
- 10.2-13 Shooting Range, Indoor.
 - (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "MU-2", "C 74", and "CP 485" and "BC".
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) Access shall be controlled to prevent unregulated entrance to firing area.
- 10.2-14 Telecommunications Towers (per NC Session Law 2013-185).
 - (A.) Zoning Districts where the conditions appearing below apply: "TC", "MU- 2", "C 74", "CP 485", <u>"BC"</u>, and "IND".
 - (B.) Unless defined in this section or elsewhere in this ordinance, the terms in this section shall have the meanings set forth in G.S. § 160D-931.
 - (C.) Conditions:

- (1.) The applicant for a special use permit for a new telecommunication tower shall bear the burden of demonstrating by substantial evidence that no existing or previously approved wireless support structure, building, or alternate structure within the applicant's search ring can reasonably be used instead of construction of a new telecommunication tower and that the height of the proposed telecommunication tower is necessary to provide the applicant's designed service. (See G.S. § 160D- 933(b))
- (2.) Telecommunications transmission towers in the Town Center (TC) district must be a monopole design that does not exceed one-hundred and fifty (150') vertical feet in height from average adjacent grade.
- (3.) The Town may elect to retain outside consultants or professional services to review a special use permit application for a telecommunication tower and to make recommendations on relevant issues including, but not limited to, verification of the applicant's due diligence, analysis of alternatives, conditions of approval, and compliance with state and federal rules and regulations at the applicant's expense. (See G.S. § 160D-933(d))
- (4.) In addition to the notice requirements found elsewhere in this Ordinance, the applicant for a special use permit for a telecommunication tower shall be required to notify by regular mail all property owners within a one-quarter (0.25) mile (one thousand and three hundred and twenty (1,320) feet) radius of the proposed location of any public hearing on the application at least ten days prior to the hearing. The Development Administrator may require the applicant to conduct a crane or balloon test to simulate the height of the proposed tower. Notice of the dates and times of such tests shall be mailed by the applicant to all property owners within a one- quarter (0.25) mile (one thousand and three hundred and twenty (1,320') feet) radius of the proposed location at least ten (10) days prior to the primary test date. The notice shall state primary and alternate test dates as well as a range of dates for testing in the event of extended periods of inclement weather. The Development Administrator shall review and approve the sufficiency of the notice prior to mailing and, as part of its application, the applicant will be required to submit a certificate of mailing and attach a copy of the notice and a list of the addresses to which it was sent. In the event the applicant seeks to increase the height of the proposed tower from the height stated in the original notices or move the proposed tower location more than fifty (50') feet laterally from the location stated in the original notices, additional notice shall be required to be given in accordance with the above provisions and all time-periods shall run from the date of supplemental notification.

- (5.) Applicants for telecommunication towers are encouraged to consider properties owned by the Town, or instrumentalities thereof, before considering private properties. Public properties shall be subject to the same restrictions and standards of appropriateness as private properties. All such public agencies or instrumentalities shall retain discretion as to whether to make a specific property available for wireless telecommunication facilities and to make determinations with respect to site capacity, aesthetics, or suitability of such facilities.
- (6.) Telecommunication towers proposed on properties under the ownership or control of the North Carolina Department of Transportation (NCDOT) shall simulate typical highway lighting towers in height and appearance and shall be clustered amongst or near such towers so as to be unobtrusive. If due to topography, existing vegetative canopy, or other local conditions, the Town Council determines that a tower disguised as a coniferous tree is a preferable aesthetic alternative to a simulated lighting tower, it may require such camouflage treatment as a condition of approval. If any portion of a telecommunication tower located on such properties is used to mount cameras, instruments, sensors or antennas for governmental use, and the same structure supports or incorporates commercial wireless telecommunication facilities, the governmental use shall be deemed incidental or accessory to the commercial use and the entire facility shall be treated as a commercial use for purposes of this section. This subsection may not be used to deny the placement of communications facilities in the rights of way of State maintained highways. (See G.S. § 160D-938)
- (7.) It is the policy of the Town to encourage collocation and the use of existing structures where appropriate. In furtherance of that policy objective, the following provisions shall apply to an application for a special use permit for a telecommunication tower:
 - (a.) A special use for a telecommunication tower shall not be approved unless the tower is designed structurally, electrically, mechanically, and in all respects to accommodate at least three users. An application shall not be deemed complete until the applicant submits:
 - (i.) A letter of intent agreeing to make all of its wireless telecommunication facilities (including existing facilities) within the Town available to providers of functionally equivalent services at commercially reasonable fair market value rates; and
 - (ii.) A copy of an executed lease for the proposed tower site that allows collocation, leasing, or subleasing to other providers of functionally equivalent services, with proprietary, confidential, or business information redacted.

- (b.) Applicants are encouraged to meet collocation requirements by using dual-band/multi-band antennas to allow sharing of antennas, antenna arrays by wireless providers using different frequency bands, or by using combiners to allow antenna sharing by users of the same frequency band.
- (8.) A special use permit application for a telecommunication tower shall not be approved if an electric transmission tower is located within the search radius and/or ring of the proposed telecommunication tower, unless the applicant can demonstrate collocation on the electric transmission tower is technically or commercially impractical or the owner of the transmission tower is unwilling to enter into a contract for such use at fair market value. (See G.S. § 160D-933(b)(3))
- (9.) Electric transmission towers may be increased in height to that allowed for telecommunication towers in the district in which the electric transmission tower is located if the Town Council determines such height extension is preferable to placement of a new telecommunication tower in that area.
 - (a.) A special use permit application for a telecommunication tower shall not be approved unless the equipment planned for the proposed tower cannot be accommodated on existing or approved telecommunication towers, buildings or alternative structures (after first considering electric transmission towers) within the search radius and/or ring of the proposed telecommunication tower, unless the applicant can demonstrate collocation on an existing or approved telecommunication tower, building or alternative structure is technically or commercially impractical or the owner of existing telecommunication towers, buildings or alternative structures are unwilling to enter into a contract for such use at fair market value. (See G.S. § 160D-933(b)(3))
 - (b.) No wireless telecommunication facility shall interfere with usual and customary radio and television reception excepting broadcast facilities as provided for in the regulations of the FCC.
- (10.)All telecommunication towers must comply with FCC and Federal Aviation Authority (FAA) regulations.
- (11.) A copy of the applicant's FCC license must accompany its application. If the applicant is not an FCC licensee, the applicant must demonstrate that it has binding commitments from one or more FCC licensees to utilize the wireless telecommunication facility and must submit a copy of each such wireless service provider's FCC license. If FCC licenses have previously been filed with the Town in conjunction with other wireless telecommunication facilities, the applicant may certify that such licenses remain in full force and effect.

- (12.)As part of its application, each applicant for a telecommunication tower shall be required to execute a standard maintenance/removal agreement binding the applicant and its successors and assigns to maintain properly the exterior appearance of and ultimately remove the facility within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the abandonment or cessation of operations of the facility. Such agreement shall require the applicant to pay all costs for monitoring compliance with, and enforcement of, the agreement and to reimburse the Town of Stallings for all costs it incurs to perform any work required of the applicant by the agreement that it fails to perform. A five thousand (\$5,000) dollar cash bond, or other security acceptable to the Town, shall be required in conjunction with the maintenance/removal agreement. The applicant and its successors and assigns shall be required to continue such bond or other security until such time as the facility has been removed and all other requirements of the maintenance/removal agreement have been satisfied. Private business users operating a single wireless telecommunication facility at their principal place of business and governmental users are exempt from the bond requirement.
- (13.)Abandoned or unused wireless telecommunication facilities shall be removed within 180 days of abandonment or cessation of operations. If not removed within that period, such facilities may be removed as provided in the permittee's maintenance/removal agreement and the costs of removal recovered from the permittee's bond or other security. Prior to removing a wireless telecommunication facility pursuant to this provision, the Town shall give thirty (30) days written notice of its intention to do so to the permittee at its last known address.
- (14.)All telecommunication towers shall comply with FAA lighting requirements. In addition, in a specific instance, the Town may impose lighting requirements for a tower that is not required by FAA regulations to be lit.
- (15.) Except as otherwise provided herein, minimum setbacks for telecommunication towers shall be in accordance with the setback requirements set forth in the development standards for the district in which the location of the tower is proposed. In addition, telecommunication towers must be set back from any residentially zoned or residentially used properties a distance equivalent to one-half of the height of the tower being erected. The Town Council may reduce the setback requirement upon a showing by the applicant that there are special physical circumstances or conditions affecting the proposed site such that the strict application of the setback requirement would not allow the most effective use of the proposed site to minimize the visual impact of the wireless telecommunication facility.

- (16.)Telecommunication towers shall be buffered from adjacent properties with a buffer which, at a minimum, meets the requirements of a Type B buffer as described in Article 11 of this ordinance, regardless of adjacent zoning district classifications or uses.
- (17.)No telecommunication tower shall be located:
 - (a.) On top of buildings; or
 - (b.) In a locally or nationally designated historic area or property or on a nationally or locally designated historic structure or building, unless the applicant can prove that the historic areas cannot be served from outside such areas, per G.S. § 160D-933(b)(2). Nor shall a telecommunications tower be located such that it adversely impacts the historic integrity of a locally or nationally designated historic area, property, or structure.
- (18.)In cases where an applicant is required to perform an environmental assessment (EA) or an environmental impact statement (EIS) under the National Environmental Policy Act or the National Historic Preservation Act, such EA or EIS shall be submitted prior to zoning permit issuance. If the EA/EIS has not performed the Board may issue the permit conditioned on providing the EA/EIS prior to zoning permit issuance.
- (19.)Telecommunication towers shall not be constructed unless the company erecting the tower has general liability coverage of at least one million (\$1,000,000) dollars. The owner of a telecommunication tower shall provide the Town with a certificate of insurance showing evidence of its coverage and the certificate shall contain a requirement that the insurance company notify the Town thirty (30) days prior to the cancellation, modification, or failure to renew the insurance coverage required.
- (20.)Telecommunication towers shall be designed to meet the following standards:
 - (a.) Towers and antennas shall be designed to blend into the surrounding environment through the use of color and camouflaging architectural treatment. The Town Council may condition approval on the use of specific concealment techniques where it determines that doing so is necessary or desirable.
 - (b.) Guyed towers are prohibited. Commercial wireless telecommunication transmission towers shall be of a monopole design unless the Town Council determines that an alternative design would better blend into the surrounding environment.

- (c.) Use of dual-polarized antennas which electronically combine the functions of transmit and receive antennas (rather than spatial diversity antenna arrays which rely on antennas being physically separated), dualband/multi-band antennas (allowing two or more providers of different types of commercial wireless services to share a common antenna), and/or use of combiners (allowing antenna sharing by providers using the same frequency band) are encouraged.
- (d.) Antennas shall be mounted on telecommunication towers so as to present the smallest possible silhouette, profile, or cross-section. Preferred antenna mounting scenarios are, in order of descending preference:
 - (i.) Compact dual-polarized antennas in a cylindrical uni-cell arrangement extending no more than two (2') feet from the sides of the supporting structure and mounted atop the tower;
 - (ii.) Panel antennas flush-mounted against the tower; or
 - (iii.) Antennas mounted at the end of straight or curved davit arms or brackets extending from the sides of the tower.
- (e.) No telecommunication tower shall have constructed thereon, or attached thereto in any way, any platform, catwalk, crow's nest, triangular framework, or like structures or equipment except during periods of construction or repair. Curved or straight davit arms or brackets used for antenna mounting shall be connected to the tower at the base of the arms or brackets only and such arms or brackets, and any antennas or hardware mounted thereon, shall not be physically interconnected with any similar arm or bracket.
- (f.) All equipment enclosures and other improvements accessory to a tower shall be architecturally designed to blend in with the surrounding environment and shall be maintained in good appearance and repair. No equipment enclosure may exceed twelve (12') feet in height. Ground mounted equipment shall be screened from view with a minimum Type B buffer (see Article 11), except where a design of non-vegetative screening better reflects and complements the architectural character of the surrounding neighborhood.
- (21.)Generators may not be used as a primary electrical power source. Backup generators shall only be operated during power outages or for testing and maintenance purposes. Testing and maintenance shall only take place on weekdays between the hours of 8:30 a.m. and 4:30 p.m.

- (22.)Telecommunication towers, equipment enclosures and other improvements shall be enclosed within a security fence consisting of chain link fencing at least eight feet in height. The fence shall not be topped with barbed wire. The Town Council may require as a condition of approval that the fencing be screened by appropriate landscaping or other means. The Town Council may waive or modify the fencing requirement if it determines that doing so will enhance the overall appearance of the facility without any compromise in safety or security.
- (23.)Telecommunication towers shall have a flat gray or galvanized finish unless the Town Council determines another color scheme would be a preferable aesthetic alternative.
- (24.)No telecommunication tower shall be permitted that exceeds two hundred (200') vertical feet in height.
- (25.)Signage at any telecommunication tower site shall conform to the following provisions:
 - (a.) A sign listing the name of the wireless telecommunication service provider operating the site, the site name or number and an emergency telephone number shall be posted at or near the entrance to the site so as to be readily visible to persons outside the site's security fencing.
 - (b.) Equipment hazard warning and informational signs are permitted. (c.) The posting of any other signs or advertising is prohibited at any wireless telecommunication facility or upon any telecommunication tower, except as required to comply with State or Federal law.
- (26.)The Board of Adjustments may require any other conditions deemed necessary or desirable to ameliorate the impact of the tower on the adjacent properties and uses. Such conditions shall include but are not limited to: the height of the tower, the construction or type of tower, lighting, and collocation of the antennas and facilities of different parties on a single tower, provided that conditions may only address public safety, land development, or zoning issues. (See G.S. § 160D - 933(b))
- (27.)(Reserved)
- (28.)(Reserved)
- (29.) A special use approval for a telecommunication tower shall become null and void if the facility is not constructed within two (2) years of the date of approval provided, however, that the special use approval may be extended one time for six (6) months if substantial construction has commenced before the end of the initial year.

- (30.)Collocation or modifications to existing wireless facilities shall be permitted and shall not require a special use permit, provided they do not exceed any of the following criteria:
 - (a.) Increase in vertical height of the greater of either ten (10%) percent or the height of one (1) additional antennae array with separation from the nearest existing array of not more than twenty (20') vertical feet, provided the maximum height of two hundred (200') vertical feet is not exceeded.
 - (b.) Addition of an appurtenance protruding the greater of either more than twenty (20') feet or more than the width of the wireless support structure at the elevation of the appurtenance, unless:
 - (i.) necessary to shelter an antenna, and/or
 - (ii.) necessary to connect the antenna to the tower via cable
 - (c.) Excavation or deployment of transmission equipment outside of the current site by more than thirty (30') feet in any direction, excluding any access or utility easements currently related to the site; provided all applicable minimum yard area, buffering and screening provisions are maintained. The boundaries of the current site for existing towers are the boundaries of the leased or owned property surrounding the tower and any access or utility easements currently related to the site, and, for other eligible support structures, further restricted to that area in proximity to the structure and to other transmission equipment already deployed on the ground. The current boundaries of the site are the boundaries that existed as of the date that the original support structure or a modification to that structure was last reviewed and approved by the Town or other local government. (See FCC Report and Order 20-153, November 3, 2020)
- 10.2-15 <u>Electronic Gaming Operation, Including Game Rooms, Coin Operated Video</u> <u>Game Room.</u>
 - (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "C 74".
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) SEPARATION FROM RESIDENTIAL ZONING Electronic Gaming Operations (whether principal uses, or accessory to another use) shall be located no closer than five hundred (500') feet in any direction from any property zoned for residential use.

- (2.) SEPARATION FROM CERTAIN USES No Electronic Gaming Operation shall be located within one thousand five hundred (1,500') feet in any direction from any other Electronic Gaming Operation, or from any cemetery, Group Living facility, religious institution, public or private childcare center or childcare facility, public or private school, or non-profit club. This required separation shall apply whether the above uses are principal or accessory uses.
- (3.) MAJOR GATEWAY SETBACKS All Electronic Gaming Operations shall maintain a two hundred (200') foot setback along the gateway corridors listed below. The setback shall be measured perpendicular to the existing road right-of-way and shall extend one mile inward from the Town limit line. For the purposes of this standard a major gateway is identified as an entry way into the zoning jurisdiction along any of the following transportation corridors:

(a.) <u>US 74</u>

- (4.) MEASUREMENT All measurements in this Section shall be from the outer building walls of the proposed use to the nearest property line of the above specified uses, and such measurement shall be in a straight line without regard to intervening structures.
- (5.) HOURS OF OPERATION, ACCESS AND VISIBILITY No Electronic Gaming Operations shall engage in business prior to 10:00 a.m. or after 12:00 midnight. During hours of operation, electronic gaming operations shall be open for direct, unobstructed access by police, fire, and emergency response personnel. All entrance doors shall remain unlocked while patrons are on the premises. All Electronic Gaming Operations terminals, computers, machines, and/or gaming stations shall be open and visible from the exterior front of the establishment.
- (6.) AGE RESTRICTIONS No person or entity engaged in Electronic Gaming Operations shall allow, permit or condone any person under the age of eighteen (18) to be upon the premises while patrons are engaged in Electronic Gaming Operations.

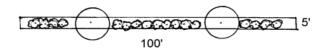
- (7.) SIGNAGE Signage shall meet all the requirements of Article 17. Sign Regulations and the following requirements. No signs shall be posted on the windows of the property which are visible from the exterior of the development. No neon or other effects which simulate the appearance of neon, nor any flashing, chasing, undulated, or other variable lighting effects shall be used in connection with any use hereunder where such lighting effect would be visible from the exterior of the establishment. All rules of the electronic games shall be displayed prominently within the establishment.
- (8.) PARKING Parking shall be provided at the rate of one (1) space per full time employee and one (1) space per gaming terminal and/or electronic gaming machine in the establishment and in accordance with Article 12 Offstreet Parking, Stacking and Loading Areas.
- (9.) MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TERMINALS The maximum number of terminals, computers, machines, and/or gaming stations permitted within an Electronic Gaming Operation is twenty (20).
- (10.)COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER REGULATIONS The Electronic Gaming Operation shall be subject to any Town of Stallings privilege license fees, and shall be subject to all other standards of the Town of Stallings and State of North Carolina as applicable
- 10.2-16 Hazardous Industries
 - (A.) Zoning District where the conditions appearing below apply: "IND" with "HIO".
 - (B.) Conditions:
 - (1.) Minimum Building/Parking Lot/Storage Area Setbacks:
 - (a.) The minimum building/parking/storage area setbacks shall be as follows:
 - (i.) From any arterial or collector street right-of-way five hundred (500') feet
 - (ii.) From any local street right-of-way five hundred (500') feet
 - (iii.) From an interior lot line adjacent to a school or day care facility five hundred (500') feet
 - (iv.) From an interior lot line adjacent to a residential zoning district five hundred (500') feet
 - (v.) From an interior lot line adjacent to a non-residential zoning district – two hundred and fifty (250') feet.
 - (2.) Building Height Requirements:

- (a.) The maximum building height for a structure adjacent to a residential or commercial zoning district shall be no greater than forty (40') feet.
- (b.) The maximum building height for a structure adjacent to an industrial zoning district no height restrictions.
- (3.) Additional Requirements:
 - (a.) Any such hazardous industry facility shall be serviced by a public water and wastewater system.
 - (b.) Any such hazardous industry facility shall be enclosed with a security fence of adequate height and structure that would reasonable prohibit access to the site by the general public. All security gates and/or gate houses shall be set back a minimum of fifty (50') feet from the public right-of-way line.
 - (c.) All Chemical Bulk Storage Structures and/or Areas housing the storage of bulk liquid and/or hazardous or toxic materials shall be set back from any property line a minimum of five hundred and fifty (550') feet.
 - (d.) There shall be no industry created noise more than fifty (50) decibels as measured at the property line and no objectionable noise due to extreme frequency, beat frequency, intermittence or shrillness.
 - (e.) There shall be no industry created ground vibration measurable at any lot line of an industrial unit.
 - (f.) There shall be no industry created air pollution including:
 - (i.) No noxious odors; no noxious, toxic, or corrosive gases or fumes.
 - (ii.) No smoke of a density in excess of #1 on the Ringelmann Chart. In cases of smoke other than black in color, an approved density scale equivalent to the Ringelmann Chart shall be used.
 - (iii.) No dust or other particulate matter emitted in excess of eighty- five hundredths (0.85) of a pound per one thousand (1,000) pounds of gases adjusted to twelve (12%) percent carbon dioxide. There shall be no surface or subsurface discharge or disposal of any wastes, either liquid or in any form without prior approval of the Oversight Board.
 - (iv.) There shall be no unusual fire or explosion hazards. Based on the National Board of fire insurance rates which classifies industrial units as Class I, Class II, and Class III, the following shall apply:
 - 1. No special controls on a manufacturing unit determined to be Class I other than under [3.] below.

- 2. Class II and Class III manufacturing units shall be contained in a building designed and constructed in accordance with its class and according to provisions of the building code published by the Building Officials and Code Administrators, International [BOCA], 1313 East 60th Street, Chicago, Illinois, 60637.
- 3. Machinery or equipment shall be treated as necessary to eliminate hazards.
- 4. Uses which are customarily incidental and accessory to the principal use shall be permitted including, but not limited to: dwelling quarters for watchmen and caretakers employed on the premises, recreation areas and facilities for persons employed by industries within the same district's boundaries, restaurants, warehouses, and commercial uses that are permitted in the "C 74" Commercial District.
- (v.) Businesses that produce, store, or use hazardous materials as defined by the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Hazardous Substances or Prior Pollutants lists shall be allowed only when the items listed is Section 154.111 are met.
- (vi.) Miscellaneous Prohibitions:
 - 1. Any interference with any other process, equipment, appliance, or devices and any mechanical, electrical, or other equipment which could create such interference shall have all necessary shielding or other protection.
 - 2. In any industrial unit or accessory all operations and storage, other than for passenger vehicles of visitors and employees, trucks and over the road vehicles, shall be within an entirely enclosed building or structure. Exemption: Outside storage of bulk or large raw materials which are fireproof if enclosed by a security fence with provisions for visual inspection and where screened from public view in its entirety from adjacent properties and public streets/roadways.
- (g.) Operations and Closure Plans Required:
 - (i.) An emergency operations plan shall be developed and be on file at the Town of Stallings and Union County Emergency Management Offices and reviewed for update annually. An operations plan shall be submitted to include:
 - 1. The date of commencement of operations and their expected duration;
 - 2. Proposed hours and days of operation;

- 3. A complete description of operation, including source of materials, method of compaction, type of sealing proposed to be used, types and number of equipment to be used and disposal of by-products;
- 4. Any phasing schedule of operations and relationship among phases,
- 5. Operating practices to be followed to ensure compliance with regulations of this ordinance; and
- 6. Complete assessment by the local Fire Department in conjunction with local emergency management agencies that all necessary equipment, training, and personnel are available at the emergency response level to adequately handle all emergency scenarios.
- (ii.) A closure plan shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) guidelines as part of the application for a zoning map amendment to establish the "HIO" district.
- (h.) Hazardous Chemical Notification and Inventory Reporting
- (i.) EPCRA Section 311-312 applies to any facility at which a hazardous chemical, as defined by the Occupational Safety and Health Act, is present in an amount exceeding a specified threshold. These facilities must submit -- to the SERC, LEPC, and local fire department -- material safety data sheets (MSDSs) or lists of MSDSs and hazardous chemical inventory forms (also known as Tier I and II forms). This information helps the local government respond in the event of a spill or release of the chemical.
- (j.) Emergency Notification and Agriculture
 - (i.) EPCRA requires businesses that store threshold amounts of chemicals that are subject to OSHA's Hazardous Communication Standard to submit information -- including facility point of contact and the Material Safety Data Sheets (or a list of those chemicals) -to state and local authorities in order to facilitate emergency planning and response. Annual reporting to state and local authorities is required for all covered facilities that have those chemicals in amounts above threshold. Hazardous chemicals used in routine agricultural operations and fertilizers held for resale by retailers is excluded.
- (k.) Toxic Chemical Release Inventory Reporting:
 - (i.) EPCRA Section 313 requires manufacturing facilities included in SIC codes 20 through 39 to submit an annual toxic chemical release report if they have ten (10) or more employees and if they manufacture, process, or use specified chemicals in amounts greater

than threshold quantities. This report, commonly known as Form R, covers releases and transquare feeters of toxic chemicals to various facilities and environmental media, and allows EPA to compile the national Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) database.



11.6-1 <u>Buffering and Screening of Different Districts</u>. Buffer yards, in accordance with Section 11.3 above, to separate development in certain districts from adjacent districts are specified in Table 11.1 below. The buffer yards are required on the sides and rear of property being developed abutting the identified adjacent district. The following buffer yards shall be provided when property in an identified development district abuts one or more of the identified adjacent districts. To determine the required buffer yard for a development, first identify the development district in which the development is to be located. Then identify the adjacent district abutting the proposed development to determine the type of buffer yard applicable to the project.

RESIDI	ENTIAL DEVELOPMENT	
DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT	ADJACENT DISTRICTS	BUFFER YARD REQUIRED
Single Family Residential - SFR Multi-Family Residential Transitional – MFT Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay – TNDO Conditionally Zoned – CZ Mixed Use – MU-1	All other districts	Туре А
NON-RES	IDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT	
DEVELOPMENT DISTRICT	ADJACENT DISTRICT	BUFFER YARD REQUIRED
All other districts	Single Family Residential – SFR	Type A

Table	11.1- BUFFER YARD CHART	
Agriculture – AG Industrial - IND Heavy Industry Overlay – HIO Conditionally Zoned – <i>CZ</i>	All other districts	Type A
Mixed Use – MU-2 US Highway 74 Commercial – C-74 Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park – CP-485 Vehicle Service and Repair – VSR <u>Business Center (BC)</u>	Multi-Family Residential Transitional – MFT Civic – CIV Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay -TNDO	Type B
Town Center – TC Civic – CIV	Multi-Family Residential - MFR	Type C
Vehicle Service Repair – VSR	Town Center – TC Mixed Use – MU US Highway 74 Commercial – C- 74 Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park – CP-485	Туре С
<u>Business Center - BC</u>	<u>Town Center- TC</u> <u>Mixed Use- MU</u>	<u>Type C</u>

Table	11.1- BUFFER YARD CHART	
Town Center – TC US Highway 74 Commercial – C-74 Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park – CP-485	Mixed Use – MU Industrial – IND	Type C
"MU" Mixed Use – MU-2	"TC", "C 74", "CP 485", "VSR" Town Center – TC US Highway 74 Commercial – C- 74 Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park – CP-485 Vehicle Service and Repair - VSR	Type D

Plantings shall be provided in buffer yards as indicated in Table 11.2 below:

		Table 11	.2 - PLANT	ING RATES	3	
Buffer Yard Type	Average Width (ft.)	Minimum/ Maximum Width (ft.)	Evergreen Tree Rate per 100 lf	Canopy Tree Rate	Understory Tree Rate	Shrubs Rate
Type A Yard	40'	35'/65'	8	4/100 lf 25' on center	10/100 lf 10' on center	33/100 lf 3' on center
Type B Yard	30'	25'/50'	6	3/100 lf	5/100 lf	25/100 lf
Type C Yard	20'	15'/40'	4	2/100 lf	3/100 lf	17/100 lf
Type D Yard	5'	5'/10'	0	0	2/100 lf	18/100 lf

The planted buffer must always meet the Average Width listed; the buffer

- (4.) Concrete or stucco
- (5.) Natural stone or manufactured stone having a natural appearance

17.8 Temporary Signs Requiring a Permit

The following tables provide the design, dimensional, and time of display requirements for Temporary *Signs*, refer to Section 17.5 for Prohibited Signs and Section 17.6 for Exempt *Signs*. Additionally, nonconforming temporary *signs* shall not be *grandfathered* (see Section 17.13 of this Article).

17.8-1 Requirements for temporary *signs* that require a permit.

The temporary *signs* listed in the following table require a permit and shall comply with the indicated zoning location and other requirements. All such *signs*, except for searchlights, shall be illuminated solely by ambient light sources.

Femporary Sign Type	Allowable Zoning Districts	Requirements
Sandwich board <i>signs</i>	"AG", "TC", "CIV", "MU", "C74", "CP 485", "VSR", <u>"BC",</u> & "IND"	One <i>sign</i> per occupancy having direct access onto any public or private sidewalk where <i>sign</i> is placed. "Direct access" shall mean an occupancy having a public entrance immediately from the sidewalk where the <i>sign</i> is placed. See additional sandwich board <i>sign</i> requirements in Section 17.8-2 (below) of this Article.
Banners and flags	"TC", "MU", & "C74"	Up to sixty (60) square feet of banner/sail/feather/flag materials per occupancy space. Display time limit: twenty-one (21) days, four (4) times per calendar year with a sixty (60) day separation between permits.

17.8-2 Additional requirements for sandwich board signs.

Sandwich board *signs* offer businesses in pedestrian-oriented zoning districts an effective and creative way to market products or services. However, unless carefully regulated, sandwich board *signs* can create hazards for pedestrians and a cluttered and unattractive appearance. The following design standards

ZONING DISTRICT	REQUIRED TOTAL OPEN SPACE	REQUIRED IMPROVED OPEN SPACE
Conditionally Zoned (CZ) Requirements listed are a minimum but may be amended by the Town Council through the Conditional Zoning process.	10%	5%
US Highway 74 Commercial (C 74) Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park (CP 485)	10%	5%
Vehicle Service and Repair (VSR)		
<u>Business Center (BC)</u>		
Industrial (IND)		
Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)		
Agriculture (AG) Civic (CIV) Scenic Corridor Overlay (SCO)	n/a	n/a
Town Center (TC) as defined in Article 8. New development must adhere to the Parks and Greenway Master Plan when applicable.	n/a	n/a
	Deep Rogendless of	the requirement

exemptions of this subsection, any portion of the site of the proposed development that is designated as future open space or greenway in the adopted Comprehensive Land Use Plan and/or the Stallings Parks and

Table 8.1 - Table of Uses

Section 1 - General

					Secti	on 1 - Ger	ieral								
#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)	Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park	Vehicle Service/ Repair (VSR)	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
1	ABC Store (liquor sales)					CZ			CZ	L					
2	Accessory Dwelling Unit	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	L	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)						
3	ADULT ESTABLISHMENTS/USES														
4	Bookstore, Adult													SUP (10.2-3)	
5	Cabaret, Adult							1						SUP (10.2-3)	
6	Massage Parlor													SUP (10.2-3)	
7	Motel, Adult													SUP (10.2-3)	
8	Movie, Adult - Rental, Sales													SUP (10.2-3)	
9	Retail, Adult Products													SUP (10.2-3)	
10	Theater, Adult													SUP (10.2-3)	
11	Agricultural Based Business Facilities	SUP (10.2-4)												S (10.1-36)	
12	Agricultural Production (Crops only)	L	L				L							L	L
13	Agricultural Production (Crops & Livestock)	L													
14	Agricultural Production (Within Buildings)	L												L	L
15	Alteration, Clothing Repair				L	L		L	L	L					
16	Amusement/Water Parks, Fairgrounds							1		SUP (10.2-5)	SUP (10.2-5)				
17	Antique Store				L	L		1	L	L					
18	Apparel Sales (Clothing, Shoes, Accessories)				L	L		1	L	L					
	Appliance Repair, Refrigerator or Large								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
20	Appliance Store								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		× /			
21	Arts and Crafts Store				L	L			L	L			L		
	Asphalt Plant														SUP (10.2-6&16)
23	Athletic Fields	L	L	L	L		L		L						
24	Auditorium, Coliseum or Stadium						L		L						
25	Auto Supply Sales									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
26	Automobile Dealers									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)			
27	Automobile Rental or Leasing									L	L	L	L	L	
	Automobile Repair Services (Major)									S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)	
	Automobile Repair Services (Minor)									S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)	
	Automobile Towing and Storage Services											S (10.1-5)		S (10.1-5)	
	Bakery				L	L		L	L	L			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
32	Bank, Savings and Loan, or Credit Union				S (10.1-6)	S (10.1-6)			S (10.1-6)	S (10.1-6)	S (10.1-6)		S(10.1-6)		
33	Barber Shop				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
34	Bars (with/without Beverage Production Accessory Use)				L	L			L	L	L				
35	Batting Cage, Indoor					L			L	L	L		L		
	Batting Cages, Outdoor								S (10.1-7)	S (10.1-7)					
	Beauty Shop				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
	Bed & Breakfast (Tourist Home, Boarding House)	S (10.1-8)		S (10.1-8)	S (10.1-8)	S (10.1-8)		S (10.1-8)	S (10.1-8)						
39	Bicycle Assembly (Bike Shop)				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
40	Billiard Parlors				L	L			L	L	L				
41	Bingo Games				L	L			L	L	L				
42	Boat Repair									S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)	S(10.1-4)	S (10.1-4)	
43	Boat Sales									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)			
44	Bookstore				L	L	L	L	L	L	L	,	L		
	Bowling Lanes (bowling alley)				L	L			L	L	L		L		
	Building Supply Sales (no storage yard)								L	L			L	L	
	Bulk Mail and Packaging					L			L	L	L		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
- '									1				~(1011 00)	~ (1011 00)	

(Amended March 28, 2022)

				Secti	on 1 - Ger	ieral								
# L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)	Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park	Vehicle Service/ Repair (VSR)	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
48 Bus Terminal				L	L	L		L	L	L		L		
49 Camera Store				L	L			L	L	L		L		
50 Camp Ground (for 21 day or less occupancy only)	L													
51 Candy Store				L	L			L	L	L		L		
52 Car Wash								CZ (10.1-9)	S (10.1-9)		S (10.1-9)	S(10.1-9)	S (10.1-9)	
53 Casino for Games of Chance (RESERVED)														
54 Cellular Communications Facilities (See "Wireless")														
55 Cemetery or Mausoleum	S (10.1-10)					S (10.1-10)								
57 Club or Lodge				S (10.1-12)	S (10.1-12)	S (10.1-12)		S (10.1-12)	S (10.1-12)	S (10.1-12)		S(10.1-12)		
58 College or University						L								
59 Communication or Broadcasting Facility, without Tower				L	L	L		L	L	L		L	L	
60 Computer Sales and Service				L	L			L	L	L		L		
61 Convenience Store (with gasoline pumps)								CZ	CZ	CZ		CZ	L	
62 Convenience Store (without gasoline pumps)				L	L			L	L	L		L	L	
63 Correctional Institution (RESERVED)														
64 Country Club with or without Golf Course	S (10.1-13)			S (10.1-13)		S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)				
65 Crematorium													L	
66 Dance School/Academy				L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L	L	
67 Day Care Center for Children or Adults (6 or more)	S (10.1-14)			S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)		S(10.1-14)	S (10.1-14)	
Day Care Center, Home Occupation for less than 6 children	S (10.1-15)		S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)			S(10.1-15)	S (10.1-15)	
69 Department, Variety or General Merchandise Store				L	L			L	L					
70 Dormitories						S (10.1-16)								
71 Drive Through Window as Accessory Use				S (10.1-17)	S (10.1-17)	S (10.1-17)		S (10.1-17)	S (10.1-17)	S (10.1-17)		S(10.1-17)		
72 Dwelling(s) (see Residential Dwellings)														
73 Electronic Gaming Operation									SUP (10.2-15)					
74 Equestrian Facility	SUP (10.2-7)			SUP (10.2-7)					SUP (10.2-7)	SUP (10.2-7)				
75 Equipment Rental & Leasing (no outside storage)	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			L	L				L	L	L	L	L	
76 Equipment Rental (w/fenced outside storage)								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	2	S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
77 Equipment Repair, Heavy								0 (1011 00)	S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)		S (10.1-4)	
78 Event and Wedding Venue	L			L	L	L	L	L					S (1011 1)	
79 Fabric or Piece Goods Store				L	Ľ			L	L			L		
80 Family Care Facility (Family Care Home)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L					
81 Farmers Market	L	_		_	L	L	L	L	_					
82 Fences & Walls (see 2.13)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L(2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)	L (2.13-2)
83 Fire, Ambulance, Rescue Station	L			L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L	L	
84 Floor Covering, Drapery, and/or Upholstery Sales					L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)		
85 Florist	L			L	L		L	L	L	L		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
86 Fortune Tellers, Astrologers (RESERVED)														
Fuel Oil Sales and Distribution for "Home" or other B7 Delivery														SUP (10.2-11&16)
88 Funeral Home with Crematorium					CZ			CZ	CZ					
89 Funeral Home without Crematorium					L			L	L			T.		
90 Furniture Framing					L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
91 Furniture Repair Shop					Ц			S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36) S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	
92 Furniture Sales				т	Т			S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)		5 (10.1-50)	5(10.1-30)	(10.1-30)	
				L	L SUD (10.9.15)				S (10.1-36) SUP (10.2-15)					
					SUP (10.2-15)							Q(10,1,92)	Q (10.1.90)	
94 Garden Center or Retail Nursery								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	

					Secti	on 1 - Ger	leral								
#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)	Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park	Vehicle Service/ Repair (VSR)	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
95	Gift or Card Shop				L	L	L	L	L	L	L				
96	Golf Course (See Country Club with Golf Course)	S (10.1-13)			S (10.1-13)		S (10.1-13)		S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)	S (10.1-13)				
97	Golf Course, Miniature								L	L					
98	Golf Driving Range	S (10.1-19)			S (10.1-19)		S (10.1-19)		S (10.1-19)	S (10.1-19)	S (10.1-19)				
99	Grocery Store				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)					
100	Group Care Facility	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)	SUP (10.2-8)				
101	Gymnastics/Cheerleading Academy					L		L	L				L	L	
102	Hardware Store				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
103	Hazardous and/or Radioactive Waste (Transportation, Storage and/or Incineration)														SUP (10.2-16)
104	Hobby Shop				L	L			L	L	L				
105	Home Furnishings Sales				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)					
106	Home Occupation	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)		S(10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	
107	Hospital						S (10.1-37)		S (10.1-37)						
108	Hotel or Motel				L	L			L	L	L		L		
109	Jewelry Store				L	L			L	L	L				
110	Junked Motor Vehicle Storage as Accessory Use	S (10.1-22)								S (10.1-22)		S (10.1-22)	S(10.1-22)	S (10.1-22)	
111	Junkyards, Salvage Yards, Used Auto Parts														SUP (10.2-9 & 16)
112	Kennels or Pet Grooming w/Outdoor Pens or Runs	S (10.1-23)								S (10.1-23)	S (10.1-23)			S (10.1-23)	
113	Kennels or Pet Grooming, No Outdoor Pens or Runs	L			L	L			L	L	L			L	
114	Laboratory, Medical or Dental					L	L		L	L	L		L	L	
115	Landfill, Demolition Debris, Minor and Major (RESERVED)														
116	Landscape Services	L								S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
117	Laundromat, Coin-Operated					L			L	L					
118	Laundry or Dry Cleaning				L	L		L	L	L	L				
119	Library				L	L	L	L	L						
120	Lighting Sales and Service				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
121	Manufactured Home/Dwelling Sales								CZ						
122	Manufacturing & Industry (see Table 8.1, sect. 2)														
123	Market - Tailgate (Fresh Foods & "Food Trucks")(as Temporary Use - see Article 15)														
	Market Showroom (Furniture, Apparel etc.)				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
	Martial Arts Instructional Schools				L	L		L	L	L			L	L	
	Metal Coating and Engraving														SUP (10.2-16)
	Metal Processing														SUP (10.2-16)
128	Migrant Labor Housing (RESERVED)														
129	Motion Picture and/or Television Production				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
	Motorcycle Sales (new & used), Parts and Service									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)			
131	Moving and Storage Service								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
	Museum or Art Gallery				L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
133	Musical Instrument Sales				L	L		L	L	L			L		
	Newsstand				L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
135	Nursing Home, Assisted Living	S (10.1-25)			S (10.1-25)	S (10.1-25)	S (10.1-25)	S (10.1-25)	S (10.1-25)	S (10.1-25)					
	Office Machine Sales				L	L			L	L	L		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
137	OFFICE USES														

(Amended March 28, 2022)

P Inductor Carceles of all solutions and analysis of all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions are all solutions and all solutions are all solutions areal soluting areal solutions areal solutions are all soluting area						Secti	on 1 - Ger	eral								
10 Service Se	#	Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR-	Residential Transitional	Neighborhood Development Overlay	Center				Commerci	Highway 485 Corporate	Service/ Repair			Industry Overlay
10 Marking symp 10 Interm Interm </td <td>138</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td>	138					L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
11 Availe Again or all proceed Proof Proo	139	Administrative or Management Services				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
104 Mathem Mathem Mathem Image Mathem Mathem Mathem Image Mathemathm Image Mathem Mathem Image Mathm Image Mat	140	Advertising Agency				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
101 Eadlegate Antex- Frence Anders Image Antex - Frence Anders Image Anders	141	Architect, Engineer or Surveyor's Office				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
11 Remark law official sympositic symposisympositic symposisympositic symposite sympositic	142					L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
Image of the second constraint of the second co	143					L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
10 Outlog from problem of the set of	144					L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
10 clast Box low 10 <td>145</td> <td>Outside Storage</td> <td></td> <td>S(10.1-36)</td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td></td>	145	Outside Storage												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
ise Iseme dynamic interval interva	146	Outside Storage									L		L	L	L	
	147					L	L	L						L		
Image seques fields on the seques of the sequence of the seques of the sequence of the seques of the sequence of the sequence of the sequence of the	148	1	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)		S(10.1-21)	S (10.1-21)	
is space of a space	149	inspections)				L	L			L	L	L		L		
12 Model Detail of Related Office image of the second of	150	inspections)				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
101 0 Mix Low Mot Orners Grandwide 1 M Mathematic Strengther Mathmathmematic Strengther Mathmathmematic Strengther </td <td>151</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td>	151					L	L	L	L	L				L		
10 Isolitation Officiantice Officiante Officiantice Officiantice Officiantice	152					L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
Service Contractor Offices Wittened Image	153					L	L			L	L	L		L	L	
olusion of the set of the	154					L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
9 Outside Storage Control Storage	155	Outside Storage												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
Temporary Real Extra Office (see Article (b)Temporary Real Extra Office (see Article (c)Temporary Real Extra Office (see A	156	Outside Storage									L		L	L	L	
15 15 15 <	157					L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
100 0picl deads State 100 0picl 110 0picl 1		15)														
161 Dutide Storage Uses Not Otherwise Classified 1000 <						L	L		L	L	L	L				
162 Pain and Walpaper Sales Vert Section of the section sectin sectin section section sectin section section secti						L	L	L		L	L	L		L		
161 Park and Receration Facilities, Public St(1)-200 St(1)-120 St(1)-120 <t t=""></t> <t t=""></t> <t t=""></t> <t t=""></t>																
164 Parking Loss or Standard Image of Loss of Los														S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
16 Pawnap de Merchandise Store Image Merchandise Store Imag			S (10.1-26)	S (10.1-26)	S (10.1-26)	ii	S (10.1-26)		S (10.1-26)		S (10.1-26)				.	
16 Personal Training Facility Image: Second Se						L	L	L		L	L C (10.1.04)	L		L	L	
10 10							L		L	L	S (10.1-34)			T.	T.	
168Petsdem160 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>S(10, 1, 26)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>							1				S(10, 1, 26)					
10Performand Performand Performand Performand 						T,	L			L	L			D(10.1-30)	5 (10.1-30)	
10ParamedParamedImage <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Ш</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>SUP (10.2-11&16)</td></th<>										Ш						SUP (10.2-11&16)
11PhotePho						L	CZ			L	L	L				(
172Photography Commercial113Photography Commercial113113Photography Commercial113Photography Commercial<							L			L						SUP (10.2-16)
174 Physical Fitness Center field field Image: Second field	172	Photography, Commercial				L	L			L	L	L		L		
175Police StationImage: Marcine StateImage: Marcine State <td>173</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td>	173					L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
176 Portable Storage Unit (POD) (as Temporary Use - see Article 15)						L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
¹⁷⁶ Article 15)	175					L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		
177 Post Office L L L L L L L L		Article 15)														
	177	Post Office				L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L		

					Secti	on 1 - Ger	lerai								
#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)	Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park	Vehicle Service/ Repair (VSR)	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
	Printing and Publishing Operation				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
	Printing, Photocopying and Duplicating Services				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
180	Raceway (Go-cart, Motorcycle, &/or Automobile)									S (10.1-20)					
181	Recorded Media Sales (Record/Compact Disc/Tape)				L	L			L	L	L		L		
182	Recreational Vehicle Sales (new and used)									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)			
183	Religious Institutions (Church, Synagogue, Mosque or Place of Worship)				S (10.1-11)	S (10.1-11)	S (10.1-11)	S (10.1-11)	S (10.1-11)				S(10.1-11)		
184	RESIDENTIAL USES (DWELLINGS)														
185	Dwelling, Accessory Unit	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)	S (10.1-3)						
186	Dwelling, Attached House (incl. term "Townhouse")			CZ	L	CZ	CZ	CZ	CZ						
187	Dwelling, Manufactured Home (see Sections 22.5-2 & 10.1-35)		L												
188	Dwelling Park, Manufactured Home (see Section 22.5-1)														
189	Dwelling, Multifamily (apartments or condominiums)				CZ (10.1-24)	CZ (10.1-24)		CZ (10.1-24)	CZ (10.1-24)						
190	Dwelling, Single Family Detached, including Modular Construction	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L						
191	Restaurant without drive-thru window				L	L		L	L	L	L		L		
-	Restaurant with drive-thru window accessory Use (see 10.1-				L	CZ		CZ	CZ	CZ	CZ		CZ		
	Retail Sales Not Otherwise Listed				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)					
	Retreat Center	L			L	L	L								
	Sewage Treatment Plant														SUP (10.2-12)
	School, Elementary or Secondary						S (10.1-28)								
	Shelter for the Homeless (RESERVED)														
	Shoe Repair or Shoeshine Shop				L	L			L	L	L				
	Shooting Range, Indoor								CZ (10.2-13)	CZ (10.2-13)	CZ (10.2-13)		CZ(10.2-13)	CZ (10.2-13)	
	Shooting Range, Outdoor (RESERVED)														
	Shopping Center								S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)		
	Sign (Accessory Use as permitted by Article 17)	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L
	Sign fabricating					S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
	Skating Rink									L					
	Solid Waste Disposal (non-hazardous)														S (10.1-36)
	Special Events not listed (see Article 15)														
	Sporting Goods Store				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)		
	Sports and Recreation Clubs, Indoor				L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L	L	
	Stationery Store				L	L			L	L	L				
	Swim and Tennis Club	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)		S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)	S (10.1-29)				
	Swimming Pool As Accessory Use	L	L	L	L		L	L	L						
	Tattoo and/or Body Piercings Studio					L			L	L					
213	Taxidermist								L	L			L	L	
214	Television, Radio or Electronics Sales & Repair				S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
215	Temporary Construction Storage and/or Office	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)	S (10.1-30)
216	Temporary Uses not listed (see Article 15)														
	Theater, Indoor				L	L	L		L	L					
	Tire Recapping														SUP (10.2-16)
219	Tire Sales, Motor Vehicle									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-4)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	

						011 1 - 0.61									
#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit		Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2,	Multi-Family Residential Transitional	Traditional Neighborhood Development	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485	Repair	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay
	Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.		SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	(MFT)	Overlay (TNDO)						Corporate Park	(VSR)			(HIO)
220	Towers, Telecommunications and/or Broadcast					CZ (10.2-14)			CZ (10.2-14)	CZ (10.2-14)	CZ (10.2-14)		CZ(10.2-14)	CZ(10.2-14)	
221	Truck and Utility Trailer Rental and Leasing									CZ (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
222	Trucking Centers, Truck Stop &/or Freight Terminal												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
223	Utility Equipment and Storage Yards												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
224	Utility Substation	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)
225	Vending Machine - Outdoor (with or without advertising	L			L	L	L		L	L	L	L	L	L	L
226	Veterinary Service, Large Animal	L								L			L	L	
227	Veterinary Service, Pet Grooming, without Outdoor	L			L	L			L	L	L		L	L	
228	Veterinary Service w/Outdoor Kennels and/or Runs	S (10.1-31)								S (10.1-31)	S (10.1-31)		S(10.1-31)	S (10.1-31)	
229	Vocational, Business or Secretarial School				L	L	L		L	L	L		L		
230	Warehouse (general storage, enclosed, no outdoor storage)									CZ	CZ		L	L	
231	Warehouse (Self-storage with outdoor storage)									CZ (10.1-36)	CZ (10.1-36)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
232	Water Treatment Plant														S (10.1-36)
233	Wholesale Trade (see section 3 of this table)														
234	Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, Microcell	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)	S (10.1-32)
235	Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, Concealed	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)	S (10.1-33)
236	Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, Co-Located	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)	S (10.1-34)
237	Wireless Telecommunication Facilities, Tower					CZ (10.2-14)		CZ (10.2-14)	CZ (10.2-14)	CZ (10.2-14)	CZ(10.2-14)		CZ (10.2-14)	CZ (10.2-14)	
238	Yard Sale (no more than 3 per year) See Section 15.3	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	L		L	L	L	

Table 8.1 - Table of Uses Section 2 - Manufacturing Industry

					Section 2 - Ma	anulaciul	ing muus	stry							
#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further data on the listed uses.	Agriculture (AG)	Single Family Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR- MH)	Multi-Family Residential Transitional (MFT)	Traditional Neighborhood Development Overlay (TNDO)	Town Center (TC)	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)	Mixed Use (MU-2)	US 74 Commerci al (C 74)	Interstate Highway 485 Corporate Park	Vehicle Service/ Repair (VSR)	Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
1	LIGHT INDUSTRIAL USES														
2	Animal Feeds	CZ (10.2-4)								CZ (10.2-4)			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
3	Apparel and Finished Fabric Products												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
4	Assembly of components manufactured off site, Final												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
5	Audio, Video and Communications Equipment												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
6	Bakery Products				S (10.1-36)					S (10.1-36)			S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
7	Beverage Products and/or Bottling	CZ (10.2-4)								CZ (10.2-4)	CZ (10.2-4)		S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
8	Bicycle Parts and Accessories											S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
9	Brooms and Brushes												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
10	Computer and Office Equipment												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
11	Electrical Equipment												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
12	Furniture and Fixtures												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
13	Glass Products from Purchased Glass												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
14	Household Appliances												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
15	Leather Products (not including tanning)	CZ (10.2-4)											S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
16	Lighting and Wiring Equipment												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
17	Manufactured Housing and Wood Buildings												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
18	Medical, Dental and Surgical Equipment											S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
19	Photographic Equipment and Supplies												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
20	Pottery and Related Products	S (10.1-36)											S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
21	Sign manufacture											S (10.1-36)	S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
22	Sporting Goods and Toys												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
23	Textile Products (no dying and finishing)												S(10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
24	HEAVY INDUSTRIAL USES														
25	Ammunition, Small Arms													S (10.1-36)	
26	Asbestos, Abrasive and Related Products														CZ (10.2-16)
27	Batteries														CZ (10.2-16)
28	Chemicals, Paints and Allied Products													0 (10.1.00)	CZ (10.2-16)
29	Concrete, Cut Stone and Clay Products Dairy Products	07 (10.0.1)												S (10.1-36)	
30	Fabricated Metal Products	CZ (10.2-4)										C (10 1 90)		S (10.1-36)	
31 32	Floor Coverings (including carpet)											S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	
32	Foundries Producing Iron & Steel Products/Materials											S (10.1-36)		5 (10.1-30)	CZ (10.2-16)
34	Hazardous Industry											D (10.1-30)			CZ (10.2-16) CZ (10.2-16)
04	Hazardous &/or Radioactive Waste														
35	(Transport/Storage/Incineration)														CZ (10.2-16)
36	Heating Equipment and Plumbing Fixtures													S (10.1-36)	
37	Industrial Equipment and Commercial Machinery													S (10.1-36)	
38	Leather Products (including tanning)														CZ (10.2-16)
39	Meat-packing Plants														CZ (10.2-16)
40	Metal Fasteners (Screws, bolts, etc.)											S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	
41	Millwork, Plywood and Veneer													S (10.1-36)	

Table 8.1 - Table of UsesSection 2 - Manufacturing Industry

#	L = listed use CZ = conditional zoning S = Use listed with additional standards SUP	Agriculture (AG)	Single Family Residential	Traditional Neighborhood	Town Center	Civic (CIV)	Mixed Use (MU-1)			Interstate Highway		Business Center (BC)	Industrial (IND)	Heavy Industry
	= Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further	()	(SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR-	Development Overlay	(TC)	()	((al (C 74)	485 Corporate	Repair (VSR)		()	Overlay (HIO)
	data on the listed uses.		MH)	(TNDO)						Park				
42	Paperboard Containers and Boxes												S (10.1-36)	
43	Pharmaceutical Products													CZ (10.2-16)
44	Rubber and Plastics													CZ (10.2-16)
45	Soaps and Cosmetics													CZ (10.2-16)
46	Textile Products (with dying and finishing)													CZ (10.2-16)
47	ENERGY AND RESOURCE INDUSTRIES													
48	Drilling Operation Petrolium Natural Gas (RESERVED)													
49	Electrical Energy Production (all sources)													CZ (10.2-16)
50	Mining and/or extraction (incl. quarry) (RESERVED)													

(Amended March 28, 2022)

Table 8.1 - Table of Uses Section 3 - Wholesale Trade

Image: Special Use Isstead with additional standards NUP Special Use Permit Reference SIC and XAICS code for further of (SFR-1, SFR-1, SFR-1, Transitional Overlapor (NUR)) Curve Reference SIC and XAICS code for further of (SFR-1, SFR-1, SFR-1, Transitional Overlapor (NUR)) Curve Reference SIC and XAICS code for further of (SFR-1, SFR-1, SFR-1, SFR-1, Transitional Overlapor (NUR)) Curve Reference SIC and XAICS code for further of (SFR-1, SFR-1, SFR-1						Section 3 -	wholesa	ale Ilau	e							
2 Flower, Numery Stock and Florat Supples (C2 (10.24) (C2	#	Use listed with additional standards SUP = Special Use Permit Reference SIC and NAICS code for further		Residential (SFR-1, SFR-2, SFR-3 & SFR-	Residential Transitional	Neighborhood Development Overlay	Center				Commerci	Highway 485 Corporate	Service/ Repair			Heavy Industry Overlay (HIO)
2 Supples CP (02-9) CP (02-9	1	WHOLESALE AND OUTDOOR STORAGE														
3 with faced storage C C S (0.1.30) S (0.0.1.30)	2		CZ (10.2-4)								S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
5 Machiney: Parm and Garden Image: Constraint of the second of the	3	with fenced storage									S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
6 WHOLESALE WITH HAZARDOUS MATERIALS 0	4	Machinery, Equipment and Supplies									S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
6 MATERIALS I	5										S (10.1-36)		S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
8 Plastics Materials 1	6															
9 Resins 1 <td>7</td> <td>Chemicals and Allied Products</td> <td></td> <td>CZ (10.2-16)</td>	7	Chemicals and Allied Products														CZ (10.2-16)
Normalization MBOLESALE WITH RECYCLING, OTHER ACTIVITIES Image: Series (Astronome Series (Astrecos (Astrecos (Astronome Series (Astrecos (Astronome S	8	Plastics Materials									S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
10 ACTIVITIES Image: Constraint of the state of	9	Resins														CZ (10.2-16)
11 collection & sorting Only S	10															
AppendAppen	11												S (10.1-36)			CZ (10.2-16)
14Beer, Wine or Distible Alcoholic BeveragesCZ (0.2.4)CZ (0.2.4)CZ (0.2.4)St (0.1.36)St (0.1.36)	12	WHOLESALE, OTHER														
15Books, Periodicals and Newspapers16ControlControlControlControlControl16Durable GoodsImage: ControlImage: ControlImag	13	Apparel									L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
16Durable Goods16 <td>14</td> <td>Beer, Wine or Distilled Alcoholic Beverages</td> <td>CZ (10.2-4)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>CZ (10.2-4)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td></td>	14	Beer, Wine or Distilled Alcoholic Beverages	CZ (10.2-4)			L					CZ (10.2-4)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
10 <td>15</td> <td>Books, Periodicals and Newspapers</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>L</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td></td>	15	Books, Periodicals and Newspapers						L			L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
11121313141516 <td>16</td> <td>Durable Goods</td> <td></td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td>S (10.1-36)</td> <td></td>	16	Durable Goods												S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
19 Groceries and Related Products Image: section of the section o	17													S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
20 Hardware, Wholesale Dealer Image: Marging and Marg	18										L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
21 Lumber, Millwork and Veneer S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36) 22 Paper and Paper Products S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	19										L			S (10.1-36)	, ,	
21 Paper and Paper Products 22 Paper and Paper Products S (10.1-36)	20									L	L		L	S (10.1-36)		
	21										S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
22 Plumbing and Heating Equipment	22	Paper and Paper Products									S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
S(10.1-30) $S(10.1-30)$	23	Plumbing and Heating Equipment									S (10.1-36)			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
24 Sporting and Recreational Goods and Supplies Contractional Goods and Contractiona Goods and Contractional Goods and Contractional Goods and Contrac	24										L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	
25 Wallpaper and Paint Brushes S (10.1-36) S (10.1-36)	25	Wallpaper and Paint Brushes									L			S (10.1-36)	S (10.1-36)	



Statement of Consistency and Reasonableness

ZONING AMENDMENT: TX22.07.03

<u>REQUEST:</u> Amend the Stallings Development Ordinance to add a Business Center zoning district with a description, building and lot type standards, permitted uses, landscape, sign regulations, and open space regulations.

WHEREAS, The Town of Stallings Town Council, hereafter referred to as the "Town Council", adopted the Stallings Comprehensive Land Use Plan on November 27, 2017; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds it necessary to adopt a new land development ordinance to maintain consistency with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds it necessary to revise the Unified Development Ordinance to comply with state law found in NCGS § 160D.

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds it necessary to consider the Planning Board's recommendations.

THEREFORE, The Planning Board hereby recommends that the proposed text amendment is consistent and reasonable with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan adopted on November 27, 2017, based on the goals and objectives set forth in the document of promoting quality development and consistency with all state-mandated land-use regulations established through NCGS § 160D. The Planning Board recommends to **APPROVE** the proposed amendment and stated that the Planning Board finds and determines that the text amendment is consistent and reasonable with the key guiding principles, goals, and objectives of the Comprehensive Land Use Plan for the following reasons:

1) The proposed amendment is consistent with the Comprehensive Land Use Plan.

Recommended this the ____ day of _____, 2022.

Planning Board Chair

Attest:

Planning Staff